SPECIAL EXTRA

The Irish Times.

PRICE 1½d. (SATURDAYS 2d.) DUBLIN, MONDAY, MAY 13, 1918. VOL. LX. NO.—19,079.

LACE CURTAINS. BEAUTIFULLY CLEANED AND FINISHED WITH OUR DUST-RESISTING FINISH. BY THIS SYSTEM THEY KEEP CLEAN MUCH LONGER THAN IF DONE IN THE OLD WAY. PRESCOTTS' DYEWORKS, DUBLIN, BELFAST, CORK, LIMERICK. (3)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 2d.

The Government has decided that Obituary Notices of fallen soldiers sent to the Press by relatives or friends shall, under certain circumstances, give no particulars either of the theatre of war in which a casualty occurred or of the battalion to which the officer, non-commissioned officer, or private belonged.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

BLAY—April 29, 1918, killed in action, Private Thomas Blay, Royal Field Artillery, eldest son of William and Sarah Blay, 5 Lorne road, Kilmainham, aged 23 years. "It is the Lord. Let him do what seemeth Him good."

CARLETON—April 26, 1918, of wounds received in action, probably on the same day, Kevin O'Neill Carleton, Gunner, Machine Gun Motors, dearly-loved only son of Ernest Harris Carleton, of Belcamba Lodge, Bradford-avenue, and grandson of the late Philip S. Barrington, Ballygan, Bray, Co. Wicklow, aged 21.

COOTE—April 14, 1918, Corporal John Robert, Royal Irish Rifles, deeply-loved second son of Thomas R. and Mrs. Coote, Baldoyle, Co. Dublin, aged 21 years on April 12th.

JOY—May 5, 1918, Gordon Joy, Canadian Contingent, beloved and only son of the late Percy H. Joy, Doonmucer, Ireland, and Tina Joy, 10 Durham Villas, Kensington, London, W., aged 26.

LAWRENSON—April 27, 1918, of gunshot wounds, Lieutenant-Colonel Reginald Robert Lawrenson, D.S.O., H.L.I., second son of the late Ralph and Clarinda Lawrenson, of Ballyrisky, Shillelagh, Co. Wicklow.

IN MEMORIAM.

BINGHAM—In loving memory of Second Lieutenant Bentinck Aglionby, Lancs. Fusiliers, who fell in France May 12th, 1917, son of Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Bingham, Binghamstown House, Belmullet. "He sleeps beside his comrades. In a hallowed grave unknown."

SIMPSON—In living, loving memory of Gordon, died May 13th, 1915. "God knows best."—Father.

BIRTHS.

BOMFORD—May 7, 1918, at 28 Junction rd., Raheny, wife of Charles F. Bomford, Esq., Invalids, of a daughter.

BOULGER—April 26, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Boulger, Waverley Hotel, Bristol, a daughter.

CULLEN—May 6, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Cullen, No. Glenmeford rd., Rathclaph, a son.

GILL—May 11, 1918, at Henley-on-Thames, the wife of Lieutenant Donal O'R. Gill, R.E., of a son.

HASSAN—May 10, 1918, at Bayview, Carrickmacross, Co. Wexford, to Captain and Mrs. Frank Hassan, a daughter.

KINGSTON—May 12, 1918, at 7 N. Frederick-st., to Samuel M. and Izzy O. Kingston, twin (boy and girl), Ginnetta, a son (Ralph Lawrenson).

MacNAMARA—May 10, 1918, at a Private Nursing Home, to Mr. and Mrs. MacNamara, 33 Weldon-r., a son.

MAITLAND—May 7, 1918, at 8 Grosvenor-road, Rathgar, Liverpool, to Lieutenant and Mrs. Walter Maitland (Ruby A. Lightbown), a son.

ROBINSON—May 7, at 5 Lower Rugby-road, the wife of Sidney J. Robinson, Drumlamford House, Milltown Pass, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

LITTLE and ABRAHAM—April 10, 1918, at Trinity Church, Rangoon, by Rev. Thos. Pearson, Albert Edward Little (late Inniskilling Fusiliers), youngest son of George Little, Garrick Lodge, Mullingar, to Eleanor Anna (Ella), eldest daughter of the late John Abraham, of Carlow.

DEATHS.

ADCOCK—May 13, 1918, at 53 Bootersbawn-road, Donnybrook, Charlotte, widow of the late St. John Adcock, late of Loughnavalla, Merrion. Funeral (private) today.

BOULGER—May 9, 1918, Mary Elizabeth, dearly-loved wife of Edward Boulger, Waverley Hotel, Bristol, daughter of Andrew, Timahoe, Co. Wicklow.

BYRNE—May 11, 1918, at his residence, 13 Conyngham rd., Dublin, James Scott Byrne, aged 71 years. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday), 14th inst., at 3 p.m., for Mount Jerome Cemetery.

CHILLINGWORTH—May 11, 1918, at 65 Russell-road, the beloved husband of Mary Anne Chillingworth. "Safe in the arms of Jesus." Funeral private this day.

CLANCY—May 12, 1918, at Warrenscourt, Captain Arthur De Gallochy, late R.A.M.C., eldest son of A. W. Clancy, R.I.P. Funeral (private) from Waterloo-rd., Dublin.

DEWAN—May 10, 1918, at Ballybrack, Royal Hotel, Bray, Mrs. Mary Deehan, Dewan, aged 81. R.I.P. Funeral to-day (Monday), 13th.

HAIRE—On Thursday, 9th inst., 1918, at Loughton, Essex, Joseph, youngest surviving son of Canon and Mrs. Haire, formerly of Gortnor, Sligo.

HARPER—On April 28, 1918, at the Hotel, Monte Matthina, only son of the late John and Mary Harper. R.I.P. Funeral from the Hotel to-day (Monday), at 2 o'clock sold time, for Horsekeep. No flowers.

HAYES—May 11, 1918, at the National Bank House, Carrickmacross, Kathleen, dearly-beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hayes. R.I.P. Requiem Mass at 10 o'clock to-morrow (Tuesday) morning, Marlborough st. Cathedral. Funeral private.

HEATON—May 11, 1918, at the Donnet House, Donnybrook, Mrs. Fanny Heaton, aged 73 years. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday) morning, 3 o'clock, to Dean's Grange.

HILL—April 20, 1918, at Sharon, U.S.A., Samuel Warnock, only son of Samuel Hood and Sarah Hill, of Churchill (co. Glasnevin, Dublin), aged 35.

HILL—May 11, 1918, after a long illness, Isabella Mary, eldest dearly-loved daughter of Alexander and Mary Hill, of 131 Rathmines rd., S.C.R. The day dawn and the shadows flee away. Funeral to-day (Monday), 3 o'clock, from 4 Holles st.

PIERCE—May 12, 1918, at her residence, Rockland's House, Wexford, Johanna, eldest daughter of the late James Pierce (founder of Rockland Works). R.I.P. Office and High Mass at the Church of the Dominicans, Wexford, 11 o'clock to-morrow (Tuesday). Funeral to Crossdown Cemetery immediately afterwards.

RAMADGE—May 9, 1918, at Kilbroney, Curzon Park, Chester, John Godwin Ramadge, aged 52 years, son of the late Capt. Smith Ramadge (late 5th Regiment of the Woodhouse, Rostrevor, Co. Down.

SHIELDS—May 12, 1918, at her residence, Clontarf-rd., Brookfield, Mary Eden (May), beloved wife of Alexander Shields and daughter of Patrick Waters, Ballaghmore, Rockcorry, Co. Monaghan. R.I.P. Funeral from St. Peter's, Phibsborough, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2 o'clock, to St. Peter's New Cemetery.

STONEY—May 10, 1918, at 2 St. John's place, Kilkenny, Ellen M. Stoney, living as Madame Tulloch of Richard Stoney, sixth daughter of the late Henry Stoney, of Castle Cuse, Co. Cork, and Mt. Juliet. Funeral at St. John's, Kilkenny, today (Monday).

TAYLOR—May 10, 1918, at her father's residence, Carrickmacross, Gertrude, only daughter of John Taylor (ex-R.I.C.). Funeral took place on Saturday at 3 p.m. No flowers.

THOMPSON—May 12, 1918, at his residence, 10 Charleston-av., Rathmines, Dublin, Samuel Thompson, formerly of Ballybrack, Rathdrum, Co. Down. Funeral (private) to Mount Jerome to-morrow (Tuesday) morning, 10 o'clock. No flowers.

WILLIS—May 10, 1918, at Moneen, Blackface, Strabane, widow of the late James Armstrong Willis.

IN MEMORIAM.

COWLE—In fond and loving memory of Robert Cowle, Orona, who died 13th May, 1883. "He was the beloved one."

JACKSON-CLARK—To my much-loved sister, Bessie, late of Elm Lodge, Drumcondra, died May 13, 1915.
"She stands and waits me in the great Beyond. And blesses by watching as my life sands flow."—G. P.

MULLIN—In loving remembrance of John Mullin, M.P.S.I., who died at Carlow May 13th, 1916.—R. and L. Mullin and family, Jubilee terr., Tullamore.

WALLACE—May 12, 1913.—In fond memory of Bessie, the very beloved wife of Octavius Wallace and devoted mother of a large family. "Redeemed . . . with the precious blood of Christ."—St. Peter, i. 19.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 2.

NICHOLS' FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT, Lombard street (Westland row), late of Lincoln place. Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality. Phone—276.

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RAMSAY, HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES SEE PAGE 1. WREATHS, Tributes to H.M. the King Crosses, Floral Designs, 30 NASSAU ST. and Choicest Flowers to ROYAL NURSERIES, BALLSBRIDGE. Prices Moderate. Prompt despatch. Telegrams, "Violets," Dublin. Phones, 1128, 1806.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

RE CAPTAIN FREDERICK WILLIAM SAUNDERS, late (—), Dn. Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, Deceased. All persons having any claim on the estate of the above-named Deceased will communicate with the Adjutant, (—) Dn. Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, Park Hall Camp, Oswestry, Salop, on or before the 31st day of May, 1918, after which date no claims will be considered.

GEETS of Butter, Bread, and Biscuits gratefully received for Soldiers' Club, Stall, Military Fair, 14th to 25th inst., by Hon. Secretary and Organiser of Stall, Mrs. R. R. Leeper, St. Patrick's Hospital, James's street.

GENTLEMAN, ineligible, wants position, First-class Secretary, Accountant, Book-keeper, etc.; moderate salary; first-class testimonials. Address "Z 2859, Secretary," this office.

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SLADE'S FAMOUS CARBO FRACTIONS, showing the equivalent values in shillings and pence. Handy for Motors and Farmers. Price 1d. net each. Special price for 50 and 100 yards. 5d. profit to Red Cross Fund.—H. E. Slade, Harcourtst.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

SIR JOHN GARDINER NUTTING, Baronet, late of Dunsany, Bodkenstown, in the County of Dublin, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, Cap. 35, all persons claiming to be creditors of the above-named Deceased are required to send in the particulars of their claims against the Assets of the said Sir John Gardiner Nutting, Bart., Deceased, to the undersigned, on or before the 13th day of February, 1918, and, in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Act. And notice is hereby given that, after the last mentioned date, the Executors will proceed to distribute the Assets of the said Sir John Gardiner Nutting, Bart., Deceased, among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which particulars shall have been received at the date aforesaid.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1918.

F. T. DEVERELL, Solicitor for the said Executors, 12 Fitzwilliam place, Dublin.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS. In the Goods of LAURENCE KYRNY, late of Max street, Kilmainham, County Dublin, Merchant and Farmer, Deceased. Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the statute 22nd and 23rd Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors of the above-named Deceased are required to send in the particulars of their claims against the Assets or Estate of above-named Deceased, to the undersigned, on or before the 30th day of May, 1918, in default of which they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Act. Notice is further given that, after the last mentioned date, the Executor will proceed to distribute the said Assets, having regard only to such claims of which he shall then have received notice.—Dated this 3rd day of May, 1918. HUGH O'DONNELL, Solicitor for the Executor, 29 Dublin street, Dublin.

IN THE GOODS OF MARIA GAUL, late of Ballymoate, in the County of Sligo, Spinster, Deceased. Notice is hereby given that, in the 22nd and 23rd Vic., Cap. 35, all persons claiming to be Creditors or otherwise to have any claim or demand against the Estate of the above-named Deceased, who died on the 17th day of January, 1918, are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands, as applies for the use of such estate, to the undersigned, on or before the 31st day of June next, to furnish in writing the particulars of such claims or demands, and, in default of such claims being received by the Will of the said Deceased, it will be assumed that there are no such claims, and the Executor will proceed to the 22nd day of April, 1918, to distribute the Assets of the said Deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to such claims of which he shall then have received notice, and he will not be liable for the said Assets or any portion thereof to any person of whose claim he shall not have notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 3rd day of May, 1918. BROOKSBANK, LITTLE, and DAVIES, Solicitors, 11 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin, and Cootehill, Co. Cavan.

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LOST, Saturday, Gold Enamel Pince-Nez, Lady's, either Connemara train, University school, Dublin, or Dublin. Reward if returned to Miss Tuckey, Ferry terrace, Monkstown.

LOST, Gold Watch, Chain, Pendant, Dublin, Howth, Sutton, Howth Station, Howth Tram. Reward if returned to Mrs. Hamilton, Howth.

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LOST, Gold Watch, Chain, Pendant, Howth, Howth Station, Howth Tram. Reward if returned to Mrs. Hamilton, Howth.

LOST, Saturday, Gold Signet Ring, Howth, Howth Station, Howth Tram. Reward if returned to Mrs. Hamilton, Howth.

LOST, Gold Watch, Chain, Pendant

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
"AMBULANCE WEEK."
His Excellency FIELD-MARSHAL VISCOUNT FRENCH, K.P., Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has graciously signified his intention of being present during the week.
TO-NIGHT (Mon.), Wed., and Fri. Nights at 8, And Saturday Evenings at 8.30.
THE MARCHIONESS OF HEADFORT in "The DUKE OF KILLICRANKIE."
Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Nights and Wednesday Matinee at 2.30.
"The MAN FROM BLANKLEY'S," Preceded by "THE PASSPORT," in which the MARCHIONESS OF HEADFORT will appear.
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FULL CHORUS.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), at 8.15 p.m., "IN THE SHADOW OF THE GLEN," By J. M. SYNGE.
"THE SURGEBAN GROOVE," By W. F. CASEY.
Booking at Theatre. Usual Prices.
SUNDAY, MAY 19th, at 8.15 p.m., "THE CATHOLIC THEORY OF THE STATE," By ALFRED MARTLEY.
Stalls, 1/- and 0/6. Balcony and Pit, 3d.

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8.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.
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Continuous, 3-11 p.m.

TOWN HALL, RATHMINES. Grey Ghost and Full Programme.
PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE. A BRANDED SOUL, STARRING GLADYS BROCKWELL.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.
TRADE SCHOLARSHIPS, 1918.
The Department offer for competition a limited number of Scholarships in connection with the following Industries:—
(a) Cabinet Making.
(b) Linen Tenting.
(c) Motor Engineering.
(d) Plumbing.
(e) Typography.
(f) Woollen Manufacture—(1) Blending, Carding, and Spinning; (2) Weaving; (3) Dyeing; (4) Milling and Finishing; (5) Warping.
The object of these Scholarships is to enable students who have been engaged in the specified industries to devote a period of at least two years to advanced instruction in the technology of their chosen trade.
Further particulars and copies of the Form of Application may be obtained from the Secretary, Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin. Envelopes should be marked, "Trade Scholarships."
Applications must be received by the Department not later than the 18th May.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.
IRISH TRAINING SCHOOL OF DOMESTIC ECONOMY.
An Examination for entrance to the Course in Domestic Economy, to be held in the Training School, Domestic Economy, St. Kevin's Park, Stillorgan, County Dublin, will be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, the 26th, 27th, and 28th June, 1918.
Applications for admission to the Examination must be made on Form C.170, not later than the 14th MAY, 1918.
Copies of the Programme of the School, and of Form C.170, may be obtained from the Secretary, Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin. Envelopes should be marked, "TRADE."

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.
PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE.
SHOPS ACT, 1912.
NOTICE ON MAKING EARLY CLOSING ORDERS.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Council of the County Borough of Dublin have made Closing Orders of which copies are set out hereunder, and have submitted the Orders to the Lord Lieutenant for confirmation.
Copies of the Orders may be obtained by any person who may desire to consult them at the Office of the Public Health Committee, Municipal Buildings, Dublin.
If any person desires to make any objections to the provisions of the Orders he should address a written statement to the Under-Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Dublin Castle, within one month from the date hereof, i.e., before the 12th day of June, 1918.
Dated this 4th day of May, 1918.
HENRY CAMPBELL, Town Clerk.
COUNTY BOROUGH OF DUBLIN.
SHOPS ACT, 1912—SECTION 5.
EARLY CLOSING ORDER WITH RESPECT TO FOURTEEN CLASSES OF SHOPS ORDERED TO CLOSE FOR WEEKLY HALF-HOLIDAY.
By virtue of the powers vested in us by the Shops Act, 1912, we, the Right Honorable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of Dublin, acting by the Council, do hereby fix the hours at which shops wherein the trade of—
1. Umbrella Dealer, and
2. Upholsterer, Furniture Dealer and Upholsterer,
is carried on within the County Borough shall be as stated, as follows:—

Day of Week	Closing Hour.
Monday	7 o'clock p.m.
Tuesday	7 o'clock p.m.
Wednesday	7 o'clock p.m.
Thursday	7 o'clock p.m.
Friday	7 o'clock p.m.
Saturday	10 o'clock p.m.

Provided that this Order shall not operate in respect of the keeping open of such shops during the two consecutive hours next preceding Christmas Day, the first and third days immediately preceding Easter Sunday, and the six week-days immediately preceding Whit Sunday, but nothing in this Order shall exempt the occupier of any such shop from the legal obligation with regard to Payment for the Weekly Half-holiday.
Nothing in this Order shall apply to any sale of Perishable Foodstuffs. Perishable under 23 Geo. III., Cap. 43 (Hours to any of the Divisional Auctioneers by Act authorised).
Nothing in this Order shall apply to shops in which the trade of Boot and Shoe repairing only is carried on.
Given under Corporate Seal this 18th day of April, 1918.
HENRY CAMPBELL, Town Clerk.
COUNTY BOROUGH OF DUBLIN.
SHOPS ACT, 1912—SECTION 5.
EARLY CLOSING ORDER WITH RESPECT TO TWO CLASSES OF SHOPS EXEMPT FROM THE OBLIGATION TO CLOSE FOR WEEKLY HALF-HOLIDAY.
By virtue of the powers vested in us by the Shops Act, 1912, we, the Right Honorable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of Dublin, acting by the Council, do hereby fix the hours at which shops wherein the trade of—
1. Bonnet Maker, and
2. Dressmaker and Mantle Maker,
is carried on within the County Borough shall be as stated, as follows:—

Day of Week	Closing Hour.
Monday	7 o'clock p.m.
Tuesday	7 o'clock p.m.
Wednesday	7 o'clock p.m.
Thursday	7 o'clock p.m.
Friday	7 o'clock p.m.
Saturday	10 o'clock p.m.

Provided that this Order shall not operate in respect of the keeping open of such shops during the two consecutive hours next preceding Christmas Day, the first and third days immediately preceding Easter Sunday, and the six week-days immediately preceding Whit Sunday.
Given under Corporate Seal this 18th day of April, 1918.
HENRY CAMPBELL, Town Clerk.

A TRUE FAMILY FRIEND.
Every member wears in comfort the
CLOTHES WASHED
at
DUNLOP'S LAUNDRY,
MOUNT BROWN,
DUBLIN.
Telephone—4384 and 4358.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
HIPPODROME and WINTER GARDENS.
8.45 TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0.
THE HARMONY FOUR.
HOLDEN and GRAHAM, MICHAELOFF TRIO.
AGDA & CO., The Lady of the Future!
SUPPORTED BY ALL-STAR COMPANY.

MISS MARGARET COOPER
WITH HER PIANO AND SONGS.
MR. GERVASE ELWES.
MISS RHODA COGHILL, THE CHILD PIANIST.
THE DORIAN SINGERS.
AND
THE BAND OF THE 2nd BATTN. BERKSHIRE REGIMENT.
AT THE
THEATRE ROYAL, WEDNESDAY, MAY 15th, AT 2.30.
BOOK AT ONCE AT THEATRE ROYAL.

TIVOLI 7.0 c. 9.0 c. TIVOLI
ALF. LEONARD TRIO. Fershaw Kershaw, Daisy & Rae, Vesta & Violet, Mr. and Mrs. Manning The Six La Rues, Jack Delaine. FRED. MAITLAND AND CO.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
TO-DAY, Continuous Performance, 3.30 to 10.15.
MARIA IACOBINI in
"THE VULTURE'S PREY."
A Powerful and Exquisite Five-Act Italian Production, with a theme that has often had its counterpart in real life. Italy's great and beautiful emotional Actress, MARIA IACOBINI achieves a distinct triumph in this fine Film. Its screening commences at 4, 6.30, and 9 o'clock.
BILLIE BURKE in Chap. 18 of "Gloria's Romance." Exclusive Comedies, Irish Scenic Gazette.

THE GRAND WHITSUNTIDE FAIR,
IN AID OF
RED CROSS AND ST. JOHN'S AMBULANCE SOCIETIES IN IRELAND, IRISH PRISONERS OF WAR, AND OTHER FUNDS,
AT THE
ROYAL HOSPITAL, DUBLIN,
SATURDAY, MAY 18th,
TO
SATURDAY, MAY 25th.
ALL-IRELAND HORSE JUMPING COMPETITIONS.
GRAND FETE AND BAZAAR.
WHIPPET RACING—£100 HANDICAP.
V.A.D. COMPETITION, GIFT SALE, VARIETY ENTERTAINMENTS, SIDE SHOWS, TEAS, DINNERS, AND LUNCHEONS, BANDS.
Entrance—2.30 to 7 p.m., 1/-; 7 to 10.30 p.m., 6d. Children Half-price.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CLARENCY INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF.
THE ANNUAL MEETING
Will be held in THE INSTITUTION, GLASNEVIN, On TO-DAY (MONDAY), at 3 o'clock.
Chairman—WILLIAM C. STUBBS, Esq.
Subscribers and Friends are invited to be present.

WORLD'S EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.
IRISH BRANCH, 15 DUKE STREET, DUBLIN.
TO-DAY (MONDAY), AT 4.30, A SPECIAL MEETING FOR PRAYER
In view of the present serious national crisis.
Will be held DV. in ST. ANDREW'S PARSONAGE HALL, SUFFOLK STREET.
Kindly lead for the occasion.
Captain R. WADE THOMPSON, D.L., will preside.
Friends in Dublin and District invited to attend.

CHURCH OF IRELAND TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.
THE ANNUAL MEETING
Will DV. be held on the
GREGG MEMORIAL HALL, DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN, TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), MAY 14th, 1918.
Chairman, The LORD BISHOP OF DOWN, D.D.
Speakers:
The Rev. CANON LEWIS, M.A., Rector of Limerick.
Professor H. H. SPENCER, M.Sc.
Doors Open at 7.15 p.m. Chair to be taken at 8 p.m.
ADMISSION FREE. COLLECTION.

CHURCH OF IRELAND JEWS' SOCIETY.
THE ANNUAL MEETING
Will DV. be held
TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), MAY 14th, 1918, at 2.30, in the MISSION HALL, 76 HARCOURT STREET.
Chairman: W. H. GOING, Esq., Cshir.
Speakers:
Mr. M. SPALDING, Birmingham and London.
Mr. J. M. HENRY, M.A., F.C.D.
A COLLECTION WILL BE MADE FOR THE FUNDS OF THE SOCIETY.
H. G. WARREN, Secretary.

CITY OF DUBLIN YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION,
45 UPPER SACKVILLE STREET.
THE 68th ANNUAL PUBLIC MEETING of the Association will (D.V.) be held in the LYRIC THEATRE, ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY (Kindly lent by special permission of the Council), Lansdowne Road, on Rathmines Road, On THURSDAY EVENING, 16th MAY, 1918, At 8 o'clock.
To receive the Annual Report of the Association. The following will take part in the meeting:—
MAJOR-GEN. FET, C.V.O., D.S.O.
Dr. LLOYD R. WRIGHT for the Y.M.C.A. in Belgium (Representative Belgian Legion).
Rev. ALFRED W. NEILL, M.A., Generous (who has recently returned from Y.M.C.A. work in France).
AND OTHERS.
The Chair will be taken by SIR WILLIAM FRY, D.L., The Insignia and Certificate of the Order of the Red Triangle will be conferred on a number of Y.M.C.A. War Workers by Mr. Lily (wife of Major-Gen. Fry), award of Clips and Medals in connection with Y.M.C.A. Work.
SILVER COLLECTION FOR BENEFIT OF Y.M.C.A. FUNDS.

SOUTH AMERICAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY.
(IRISH AUXILIARY).
THE ANNUAL MEETING
Will (D.V.) be held in the
GREGG MEMORIAL HALL, DAWSON STREET, WEDNESDAY, 15th MAY, 1918, At 3 p.m.
Sir R. J. KENNEDY, K.C.M.G., Formerly H.M. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Republic of Uruguay.
Rev. ROBERT ROGERS (Formerly Missionary in Honduras and S.E. Mexico), Rector of North of England.
Very Rev. the DEAN OF CONNOR.
E. E. CORDNER, Esq. (sometime resident in Bueno Aires).
AND OTHERS.
EVENING MEETING, 8 o'clock, GREGG MEMORIAL HALL, GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN MISSIONARY PAGEANT.

"CALL TO UNIONISTS."
By the Convention Report, a drastic form of Home Rule has been sanctioned, in the name of Southern Unionists, by a small majority of the entire Convention. Unionists, outside Ulster, by invited to record their protest, without delay, by subscribing their signature with the "Call" to
SOUTHERN UNIONIST COMMITTEE, 20 MOLESWORTH STREET, DUBLIN.
Copies of the "Call" and signature forms may be obtained at that address.

STEWART INSTITUTION FOR IMBECILE CHILDREN AND HOSPITAL FOR MENTAL DISEASES, PALMERSTON, CO. DUBLIN.
The above Institution is open for the reception of Children of either sex of defective intellect, by election or payments at fixed rates, according to requirements. Votes at Elections obtained by annual subscription of 10/6 or donation of £5 5s and upwards.
HOSPITAL FOR MENTAL DISEASES.
This Branch is separate from the above, and is open to London and Provincial sufferers from Mental Complaints at moderate rates, varying with accommodation required. The apartments are handsomely furnished and command attractive views of Bay and mountains. Grounds extensive and well-wooded. Amusements suited to invalids and wheelchairs; arrangements on to date. Resident Medical Superintendent and trained Staff. Telegraph Frankton rail-st. Local train passes gate hourly. Telephone, Polly (Dalkey). Prospectus and all particulars on application to Secretary, 40 Molesworth street, Dublin.

PIANOS.
THE LARGEST IMPORTERS IN IRELAND.
Every important maker is represented in our Warerooms.
PIGOTT & CO., LTD., DUBLIN, CORK, LIMERICK.
Spend your Holidays at the GRAND WHITSUNTIDE FAIR, ROYAL HOSPITAL, 18th to 25th MAY.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LIMITED.
SPECIAL LINE OF
LADIES' TRENCH COATS, 42/-.
A NICE ASSORTMENT OF
LIGHT-WEIGHT RUBBER COATS.
WHITE, BISCUIT, and FAWN SHADES, FROM 30/-.
FULL STOCK OF
CHILDREN'S OIL COATS AND WESTERS,
In BLACK, GREEN, and PURPLE.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
46 and 47 LR. SACKVILLE ST., 24 NASSAU ST., 65 DAWSON ST., DUBLIN
Also at CORK and LONDON.

BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.
EDMOND JOHNSON, LTD.
MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS.
ENGAGEMENT RINGS,
SET WITH DIAMONDS, RUBIES, SAPPHIRES, EMERALDS, and PEARLS,
FROM £2 TO £100,
CAREFULLY SELECTED STONES.
94 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

HAIR LOTION.
The Best POWERFUL HAIR PRODUCING LOTION known. Prices 1/6 (Regular Size), 2/- and 3/9 per bottle. From your own Chemist, or (post free) direct from ASHBURN'S PERSONAL PHARMACY, 21 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
By Special Appointment.
ATKINSON'S IRISH POPLIN TIES.
IRISH POPLIN, IRISH LACE.
COLLEGE GREEN.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day	Morning 1.47	Evening	2.11
To-morrow	2.36		3.0

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day	Rises 5.30	Sets	9.14
To-morrow	5.28		9.16

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 10.14 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.40 and 9 p.m. Gaiety Theatre—"The Duke of Killicrankie," 8 p.m. Queen's Theatre—"The Spur," 8.45 and 9 p.m. Empire Theatre—"Come In, Miss," 6.50 and 9 p.m. Tivoli Vaudeville—7 and 9 p.m. Bohemian Picture Theatre—2 to 10.30 p.m. Town Hall, Rathmines—Pictures, 3 to 11 p.m. Princess Cinema, Rathmines—3 to 11 p.m. Carlton Cinema—Continuous. Pillar Picture House—Continuous. Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, 3.30 to 10.15 p.m. Clarendon Institution—Irish Land Bank, Glasnevin, 3 p.m. Evangelical Alliance—Meeting, St. Andrew's Parochial Hall, 4.30 p.m. Pembroke District Council—Meeting, 4.30 p.m. Irish Church Missions—Meeting, 76 Harcourt Street Church, 8 p.m. Methodist Young Men's Association—Dolphin's Barn—Anniversary Meeting, 8 p.m.

The Irish Times.
MONDAY, MAY 13, 1918.

The Home Rule Bill.

Mr. Barnes, M.P., has discovered a new, and, we think, an accurate, definition of the Irish problem. It is the problem of harmonizing, not two nations in this country, but the two units of which the one Irish nation is composed. Mr. Barnes's speech at Kennington yesterday is the latest and clearest of several indications that the principle of the Government's Home Rule Bill is now fixed. It will be based upon the Majority Report of the Irish Convention, and it will be so drafted as to fit into a later scheme of Federal Home Rule for the whole of the United Kingdom. Having got to close grips with the question, the Cabinet has begun to realise that it cannot override the strong convictions of Unionist Ulster. Mr. Barnes is not only a member of the War Cabinet, but a Labour leader; and the audience which applauded him yesterday represented the great Labour organisations of the United States. Irish Nationalists, who attach the utmost importance to Labour's views on conscription, must give equal weight to its views on Home Rule. They will be disconcerted to learn from Mr. Barnes that British Labour has no intention of turning a deaf ear to the views of the "good trade unionists and good democrats" of Unionist Ulster. We gather from Mr. Barnes's speech that, while the Bill will establish a single Parliament for the whole of Ireland, its powers will be limited in two directions. It will be subordinate to the Imperial Parliament in the same matters in which the later Federal Parliaments of England, Wales, and Scotland naturally will be subordinate to that Parliament. Furthermore, the Bill will include such safeguards for North-East Ulster as will secure to it virtual independence in the control of its local institutions and interests. The Irish Parliament is to be a strong link between North and South, but North-East Ulster will enjoy, for all purposes of local legislation, the position of a State in the American Union. We can put no other reading on Mr. Barnes's outline of the Government's scheme for harmonizing the two units in Ireland.

The scheme has merits, but it has one serious disadvantage—Nationalist Ireland will have nothing to do with it. We say nothing of Unionist Ulster's attitude to the scheme. That will depend on the nature of the Government's safeguards, and in any case the question will not arise. Nationalist Ireland's attitude to the Bill will be the deciding factor in its fate. One thing is obvious to all Irishmen, though the Government has not yet grasped it. The most valuable result of the Convention was its evolution of a new and moderate party—the Nationalists and Southern Unionists who signed the majority recommendations. We shall hear of that party again—it carries the country's chief and, indeed, only hope of ultimate settlement—but for the moment it is utterly out of court. The establishment of the Mansion House Conference means the temporary triumph of Bolshevism in Irish politics. A strong section of Nationalists in the Convention, including the representatives of the Roman Catholic Church, made the impossible demand of full Dominion Home Rule. *Sinn Fein*, which stands for complete independence, was strong before the Convention, and dominates the country to-day. It is absorbing the official Nationalist Party so rapidly that Mr. Dillon's protests begin to have the pathos of a rabbit's protest to a python. *Sinn Fein* and the Roman Catholic bishops have made a formidable *entente*. The bishops will not convert *Sinn Fein* from its republican ideas, but *Sinn Fein* will harden the bishops in their insistence on full Dominion Home Rule as the *minimum* of the Nationalist demand. It is clear that the Government's Bill does not offer Dominion Home Rule, but withholds control of Customs and Excise from the proposed Irish Parliament. It is clear that the voice of moderate Nationalist opinion has no ghost of a chance of being heard at the present time. It is clear, therefore, that Nationalist Ireland will reject the Bill. If *Sinn Fein* has its way, the Nationalist Party will not even attend at Westminster during the debates in Parliament.

This rejection of a fair and reasonable measure of Federal Home Rule will have one very important result. It will set England right with the whole world so far as her relations with Ireland are concerned. It will convince President Wilson and every other friend of Irish aspirations that England has done her best to satisfy those aspirations, and that the entire blame for her failure rests with Irish perversity and unreason. From the day when Nationalist Ireland rejects a substantial measure of Federal Home Rule the free nations of two hemispheres will recognise England's right to govern Ireland with all necessary firmness until she recovers her common-sense, and, above all, will admit England's right to compel Ireland to do her fair share in the war. We do not know whether the Government will persist with its Home Rule Bill after *Sinn Fein* and the Roman Catholic Church have repudiated it. We do not know whether the Government will persist with the enforcement of conscription, now that, by its own delays and blunders, it has aggravated enormously the difficulties of that problem. We are confident, however, that, if Nationalist Ireland rejects a reasonable measure of Home Rule, and refuses either to help the Allies voluntarily or to allow its young men to be drafted without fierce resistance and bloodshed, it will drag this country down to the lowest depths of shame, and will count Germany alone as its friend among the nations of the earth. Whatever may be the fate of the two parts of the Government's Irish policy, one task remains which it cannot dare to evade. If Irishmen refuse to help England in this war, they must not be permitted to comfort her enemies by disorder and lawlessness at home. The new Viceroy and the new Chief Secretary are now in office. The Cabinet's Irish policies may succeed or fail, but the paramount business of Viscount French and Mr. Shortt is to check sedition, to protect law-abiding citizens, and to keep the King's peace in Ireland. That unchanging duty was never a more imperious charge on the Irish Executive than it is to-day.

The Submarine Campaign.

There are indications that the German naval authorities are by no means confident of the ultimate success of their U-boat campaign. Speaking in the Reichstag on Saturday, when the Army Estimates were under consideration, Admiral von Capelle made it clear that they have abandoned all hope of securing a speedy victory as a result of submarine warfare. He pointed out that, so far as the other requirements of the Army and Navy would permit, the enemy would have to concentrate all their efforts on the construction of submarines, and added: "Care is being taken that, for years to come, no gaps of any kind shall occur in the delivery of U boats." That statement forms a striking contrast to the boast that the unrestricted use of U boats would reduce England to starvation and compel her to accept a German peace within six months. The most hopeful information that Admiral Capelle was able to give the Reichstag was that the increase in the number of U boats still exceeds their losses. He stated that the issue depended on the struggle between Germany's power of destruction and the Allies' power of construction. Everything points to the contest ending in the Allies' favour. The number of victims whom the submarines have been able to claim during the past six months has been steadily decreasing, while the output of tonnage from British, Allied, and neutral shipbuilding yards has been greatly increased. The output from British yards alone for last month was 60 *per cent.* higher than for the corresponding period of last year. Lord Pirrie hopes that for the present month the figures will show an even greater ordination. Countless slips for the construction of steel and wooden ships have been laid down in the United States, and, when the organisation of the American yards has been completed, their output will be enormous. Admiral Capelle scoffed at America's efforts. In a few months he will have reason to change his tune. There was one important factor in the contest to which he made but very slight reference. That was the aggressive policy upon which the British Navy has embarked. No doubt, he had to treat the matter very delicately for fear lest the Reichstag should realise its full significance. That policy is bound to tell very effectively against Germany's power of destruction. With the navigation of the harbour at Ostend made very difficult, and the use of Zeebrugge as a base rendered impossible, the U boats now have to thread their way through a huge minefield in order to get to a German port to replenish their supplies. They have also to contend with the means which the British Navy employ to destroy them in direct combat. The efficiency of those means is improving daily. Therefore, while it may be true that the German naval offensive is stronger than it was at the beginning of unrestricted submarine warfare, it is equally true that the forces with which it has to contend are infinitely more formidable than they were at that time. It is becoming more and more clear that Lord Jellicoe's statement that the submarine menace would be mastered in the coming autumn was no idle boast.

Employment for Soldiers.

One of the most difficult problems with which the Government will be called upon to deal when peace is declared will be the re-settlement of the officers and men who return to civilian occupations. Several committees are already considering different aspects of this question, and, acting on the recommendations of one of them, the Minister of Labour has decided to set up an "Appointments Department." The business of the new department will be to provide advice and assistance for men seeking professional and business appointments. The professional and business register of the Ministry of Labour and the Officers' Technical Training Courses of the Ministry of Labour will be merged in the new department. With it will be associated two committees, one dealing with questions affecting appointments, and the other with questions of training. The former committee will comprise representatives of the principal professional and business organisations, together with representatives of ex-officers and of the Government departments concerned. Local committees similarly constituted will be associated with the local offices which the department will open in various places. The training committee will be an interdepartmental body, and the Universities and other educational organisations will be represented on it, as well as commercial and industrial interests. In Dublin the work of the new department has been anticipated to some extent by the officers' branch of the Employment Bureau for discharged soldiers to which Mr. Edward White has devoted so much time and attention. No doubt, organisations such as this will form the nucleus of the local committees which the department will establish.

MAJOR-GENERAL SIR F. MAURICE RETIRED.

It is officially announced that the Army Council, having considered the explanations tendered by Major-General Sir F. B. Maurice of the breach of the Regulations committed by him in writing, and causing to be published, the letter which appeared in the Press on the 7th inst., have decided that he be placed forthwith on retired pay.

LORD WIMBORNE.

Lord Wimborne was received by the King on Saturday on relinquishing office as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

LIEUT.-GENERAL SIR BRYAN MAHON, K.C.B.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of Lieut.-General Sir Bryan Mahon, General Officer Commanding-in-Chief the Forces in Ireland, being appointed a Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath.

THE RUMOURED RESIGNATION OF THE LORD CHANCELLOR.

The attention of the Lord Chancellor having been directed to a statement made in a London paper to the effect that he was about to resign his position as head of the legal profession in Ireland, he observed that there was no truth in the statement. He added, "I have not resigned and I have no intention of resigning."

PRESENTATION TO COLONEL WILLIAM TAYLOR.

On Saturday evening Colonel William Taylor, President of the Court of Judicature of Supreme in Ireland, entertained the Council of the College at dinner in the College Hall in St. Stephen's Green, Dublin. The company included Mr. Kidwell, K.C., M.P., Solicitor-General for Ireland; the Under Secretary, Sir William Byrne, and the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland. The Council of the Royal College of Surgeons utilised the occasion to make a presentation to Colonel Taylor in recognition of his work for the College during the two years of his presidency, and of his most successful organisation of the Dublin Hospital in France. The gift took the form of a beautiful silver sporge. The presentation was made on behalf of the Council by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland.

MENTIONS FOR SERVICE.

The name of Bt. Lt.-Col. F. J. Byrne, C.M.G., Res. of Officers, has been brought to the notice of the Secretary of State for War for valuable service rendered in connection with military operations in Ireland.

The following names are added to the list of officers brought to the notice of the Secretary of State for War for valuable services rendered to Home Service Forces in Ireland, from the war to 31st December, 1917:—

Lieut.-Gen. Sir W. P. F. B. G.C.V.O., Graham, Col. H. M. C. W. C.M.G., R. Mar., Hamilton, Lieut.-Col. H. C. R. Lancs. Fus., Hoare, R.A.M.C., White, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) W. A., C.B., C.M.G., Conn, Rang.

THE HOARDING OF SILVER.

Letter from the Bank of Ireland.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

Sir,—As the silver coinage is at present engaging public attention, the following statement will be of interest:—

Total of silver coin received from the Royal Mint for the period from the 1st January to the 10th May in the years 1914-1918, namely:—

1914	£28,000
1915	£179,300
1916	£91,000
1917	£360,800
1918	£564,100

The total silver coin shipped to the Mint from 1st August, 1914, to 10th May, 1918, amounted to £5,300. This consisted of worn coin and coin defaced by fire during the rebellion.

It will be thus seen that the amount of silver coin now in Ireland is largely in excess of that held in 1917, when there was no scarcity felt.—Yours, etc.,

THOMAS R. LAPPIER, Secretary.
Bank of Ireland, Dublin, May 11th, 1918.

BANK HOLIDAY NEXT SATURDAY.

The King held a Privy Council at Buckingham Palace on Saturday, and signed a proclamation declaring Saturday next, 18th inst., a Bank Holiday in England, Wales, and Ireland—not as a general holiday, but for banking purposes only.

MYSTERIOUS AEROPLANE MISHAP.

At the inquest on Lieut. Lutyens, pilot of an aeroplane which collapsed in mid-air on Wednesday, and at which a verdict of accidental death was returned, it was stated that the machine, while flying at a tremendous height, suddenly broke into five parts. Although a constant search had been made by the police and twelve hundred soldiers of the country and yeoman in the vicinity of Basingstoke Canal, no trace could be found of the body of the civilian observer, Pinsent, who was flying with Lieut. Lutyens at the time of the accident.

At the inquest on Cadet W. M. Watt, a Canadian, who was drowned through his machine nose-diving into the Elstree Reservoir, a verdict of accidental death was returned.

POSTAL AND TELEGRAPH CLERKS' CONFERENCE.

The Postal and Telegraph Clerks' Conference concluded at Southport on Saturday. The amalgamation scheme with the Postmen's Federation, subject to the sanction of a certain minor notice, was formally approved. A resolution was passed authorising the Executive Committee to take steps to contest four seats at the next general election under the auspices of the Labour Party. It is understood that no further conferences shall be adopted until the conclusion with regard to special leave for candidates has been secured. The Conference endorsed the Labour Party's policy of reconstructing, and undertook to support the furtherance of that policy. Another resolution adopted now can protested against the policy of the Government in debarring men serving in the Royal Engineers (Signal Section) and Service conditions (Postal Section) from receiving war bonuses, and from benefiting by the extension to Army pay and allowances.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

50 FLEET STREET, LONDON, SUNDAY NIGHT.

From one point of view, the Maurice affair is ended with the official announcement that the General has been placed upon retired pay. This may be regarded as clement treatment on the part of the Army Council, which would have been quite justified on the facts, as we know them, in recommending his dismissal. As they have not done so, it may be inferred that General Maurice's explanation was so far satisfactory that he was able to show that his action, however improper in form, was dictated by patriotic motives, and was not the outcome of any conspiracy, military or political. I have no acquaintance with him, but everyone I have met who knows him declares that anything like intrigue is foreign to his nature.

From the political standpoint, however, the affair is by no means over—is, indeed, only just beginning. After what took place on Thursday, when Mr. Asquith, impelled by some of his ardent supporters, refused to take the way of escape pointed out by Sir Edward Carson, and insisted upon going to a division, it is difficult to see how he can retrace his steps to that position of benevolent neutrality that he has hitherto occupied towards his successor's Administration. Henceforward we must expect to see a regular Opposition, ready to criticise, and even to resist, proposals in which a week ago it would have been content to acquiesce after a perfunctory examination.

It looks as if Mr. Asquith's followers have at last come to the conclusion that the present Prime Minister is a danger to the Empire, and ought to be ousted as soon as possible. That is the only inference that could be drawn from Thursday's division, and it is confirmed by a leading article in last night's *Westminster Gazette*, the faithful organ of that section of the Liberals, which dwelt upon the advantages of an organised Opposition in quite its pre-war manner.

Provided that the Opposition is patriotic and not merely factious, I am disposed to think that there may be some advantages in the new departure. I was one of those who regretted the formation of the original Coalition, on the ground that, in a country like this, a homogeneous Administration which knows that its critics are ready to take its place if it makes a mistake is much more likely to navigate the ship of State safely than a Coalition which is not of a compromise. My impression is that the conduct of the war would have been not less efficient and a great deal more economical if Ministerial projects had been subjected to searching criticism instead of merely to the pin-pricks of the Parliamentary "snipers."

To-morrow's proceedings in the House of Commons will provide no opportunity for seeing how the new Opposition intend to comport themselves, for the principal business is the consideration of the motion regarding proportional representation which Mr. Herbert Fisher is to bring forward in his private capacity, and not as a Minister. Mr. Burdett-Coutts is to move the rejection of the scheme proposed, and it is quite on the cards that the House, which showed little disposition to accept proportional representation in any form while the Representation of the People Act was under discussion, may adhere to its former decision.

On Tuesday the Finance Bill will come up for second reading, and it is possible that the Opposition may seize this opportunity for unmasking its batteries. Mr. Bonar Law's interruption of Mr. Asquith's speech on Thursday has not been forgotten or forgiven, and, although Mr. Bonar Law gave a general blessing to the Budget, that will not necessarily prevent him from picking holes in the Finance Bill if he feels so inclined. The increased compulsory exactions of the income tax would easily furnish him with a handle.

Up to this afternoon the great new German attack had not developed. The enemy was still contenting himself with raids on a larger or smaller scale, which have been the feature of the fighting during the past ten days. People at home hardly realise, perhaps, the intensity of the strain which is thus put upon the defending troops, while, owing to the enormous size of the armies engaged, even a raid of large proportions, of which one from Wellington Barracks about noon, and proceeded by way of The Mall, Piccadilly, Grosvenor Gardens, the American Embassy, Lower Grosvenor Gardens, and Buckingham Palace Gate, to Buckingham Palace. Here the King was waiting with a number of British and American officers, and took the salute.

They were very fine, tough-looking men. The various battalions of the regiment were headed by bands of the Brigade of Guards, which played them through the streets. A feature of the procession was the presence of a number of veterans of the American Civil war, who carried a banner inscribed "Not for ourselves, but for our country." In the forecourt of Buckingham Palace the King was with the Queen and a brilliant Staff. When the Americans colours approached the King proceeded to the roadway. The huge crowd in the Mall, Piccadilly, and the cheering continued until the last man in the column had passed the King. His Majesty shook hands with the American Commanding Officers, congratulating them on the fine appearance of the men. The full War Cabinet was on the Balcony of the Office, and joined heartily in applauding the troops as they passed by.

THE NEW VICEROY.

ARRIVAL OF VISCOUNT FRENCH.

SWEARING IN CEREMONY AT THE CASTLE.

Field-Marshal Viscount French, K.P., Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, arrived at Kingstown on Saturday morning by the mail steamer Ulster. The Ulster as she rounded the pier head a few minutes after 6 a.m. was seen to be flying the Viceregal standard. She moored at 6.8 o'clock, and the Field-Marshal and his Staff immediately disembarked. A special gangway amidships enabled His Excellency to reach the pier before other passengers. Captain Newton escorted the

THE NEW VICEROY.

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Field-Marshal Viscount French, K.P., Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, arrived at Kingstown on Monday morning by the mail steamer Ulster. Ulster as she rounded the pier head a few minutes after 6 a.m. was seen to be flying the Viceregal standard. She moored at 6.8 o'clock, and the Field-Marshal and his Staff immediately disembarked. A special gangway enabled His Excellency to reach the pier free of other passengers. Captain Newton piloted the Viceroy ashore and bade good-bye to him and his Staff. Lord French, who was service dress with a light coat thrown over arm, was attended by four members of his Staff—Colonel Watt, Military Secretary; Major Gaynor, Lord Granby, and Colonel Fitzmaurice. On the pier he was received by Lieut.-General Bryan Mahon, retiring Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in Ireland, who was attended by Brigadier-General Staats and the Hon. Percy Wyndham, A.D.C. Admiral Denison, Commodore in charge of the naval base, received His Excellency as representing the naval officers. It is interesting to note that Admiral Denison and the Lord Lieutenant were boys together on the same ship when the Field-Marshal was a midshipman in the Royal Navy. Captain Carr-Gregg, Senior Embarkation Officer, was also present. There were no ceremonies of welcome, exchange of compliments, and hand-shaking between the Lord Lieutenant and the different officers. His Excellency then left the pier and motored to Dublin accompanied by Sir Bryan Mahon. The ceremony was over in a few minutes, and Lord French had arrived in less than five minutes after the arrival of the Ulster.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

Mr. E. Shortt, M.P., Chief Secretary for Ireland, also arrived at Kingstown by the mail boat Ulster. The Chief Secretary did not come ashore until eight o'clock, when he was received on the Carlisle Pier by George Stevenson, Chairman of the Board of Works and of the Kingstown Harbour Commissioners; by Sir Wm. Byrne, Undersecretary for Ireland, and Colonel Edgeworth-Johnstone, Chief Commissioner of the Dublin Metropolitan Police. Mr. Shortt motored to Dublin in company with the Under-Secretary and the Chief Commissioner.

VICEROY SWORN IN.

A private meeting of the Privy Council was on Saturday in the Council Chamber, Dublin Castle, for the purpose of swearing in Field-Marshal the Hon. John Denton Pinkstone French, K.P., as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and Right Hon. Edward Shortt, K.C., as His Majesty's Principal Secretary. The Lords Justices—Mr. Justice Wylie, Mr. Justice Pim, and Lieutenant-General Sir Bryan Mahon—who held temporary office as Governors of Ireland pending the appointment of Lord Lieutenant—presided, and the following members of the Council were present: The Lord Chancellor (Ireland), Lord Mayor Madden, ex-Judge Andrews, Sir Antony Kenny, Jonathan Hogg, Judge Rose, Sir Thomas A. Robinson, Sir Thomas Myles, Sir Thomas H. Campbell (Chief Justice), Sir Thomas Russell, Sir R. E. Matheson, Thomas Shillington, Colonel Sir R. G. Glendinning, Sir Florence A. Waldron, Master of the Rolls, O'Shaughnessy (Recorder), Judge Dodd, Justice Molony, Sir J. M. Stark, Judge Wylie, Sir W. McMorrogh Kavanagh, Sir Walter J. Sir William F. Goulding.

The arrival of Viscount French received by Mr. Burtchaell, Deputy Clerk of Arms, and conducted to the Presence Chamber, where he was received by the Lords Justices. The Viscount's Private Secretary (Mr. Joel Power) presented his lordship's Commission, which was read, and he intimated that His Majesty's Privy Council were assembled in Council Chamber, and were ready to receive him in the usual form and manner. A procession was then made in the following order to the Council Chamber: Secretary (Mr. Power); the insignia of Order of St. Patrick, borne by Mr. Thomas Quinlan, Dublin Herald; Ulster King of Arms (Mr. Burtchaell), bearing His Majesty's Letters Patent; the Sword of State, borne by Sir Wm. Goulding; the Lords Justices, Viscount French, attended by Lieutenant-Colonel Brinley Fitzgerald, C.B., Military Privy Chamberlain; Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. Paul, D., Comptroller and Master of the Stables, for the Hon. John D. Dawnay, C.M.G., Master of the Horse; Captain the Marquis Headfort, A.D.C.

On the arrival of the procession at the Council Chamber the Viscount French delivered to the Clerk of the Council His Majesty's Letters Patent appointing him Lord Lieutenant. These Letters Patent were read by Mr. Gerald Ronan, one of the Crown and Hanaper, after which oaths were administered to the Viscount by Sir Edward O'Farrell, Clerk of the Council. His Majesty's Letter authorising and empowering the Lords Justices to direct the Seal of State to his lordship was read by the Lord Chancellor.

The Seal of State was afterwards handed to the Viscount by the Lords Justices, who invested his lordship with the insignia of the Order of St. Patrick. The Lords Justices then vacated their places at the head of the table, and Viscount French was sworn in by Viscount French Lieutenant of Ireland.

The usual oaths were subsequently administered to the Right Hon. Edward Shortt, K.C., Chief Secretary, who made and signed the Declaration of Allegiance of the Council of Ireland, and was invested with the Chancellor's Seal by His Excellency.

Concluding the interesting ceremony, the Lord Lieutenant wore the undress uniform of Field-Marshal, with the stars and medals of his Order, and for the time being wearing the Star of Saint Patrick.

At the close of the ceremony in the Council Chamber His Excellency visited the Castle Chapel and also inspected the guard of honour, the band, drawn up in the Upper Castle Yard. The Lord Lieutenant attended Divine Service at St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin, yesterday.

THE KING TO HIS SUBJECTS IN LATIN AMERICA.

At a meeting of the British Chamber of Commerce of Brazil, says a Reuter message, dated de Janeiro, Saturday, and later at a reception by the British community, Sir Maurice Gibson, the head of the British Mission to Brazil, read the following message from the King to his subjects in Latin America:—

At the time when we are fighting, together with our gallant Allies, for the cause of freedom, liberty, and justice throughout the world, I, by my Ambassador, a message to all my subjects in the hospitable Republics of Latin America. From your distant homes your young blood has answered unhesitatingly the call of your mother, and you have given generous assistance to alleviate the afflictions of those who are prisoners, who are in the hands of the foe. I gladly acknowledge such acts of patriotism and self-sacrifice, and am confident that you will maintain this high standard until after which compelled us to enter the war fully secured. In the past the Empire has had much to the spirit of individual enterprise it has been characteristic of its citizens. In the future, if our peoples are to attain that future of success which is essential to full and progress, there must be added to individual enterprise, in an ever-increasing degree, the new spirit of collective effort which has been already born of the struggle through which we are passing. Take this to heart in your concerns, both private and public. To you, I, Sign Manual, I pray for your country, now and always."

THE CHURCH AND ITS MINISTERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

Sir,—Professor Culverwell's letter to you of 10th inst. contains the following statement:—"During these two years an additional amounting to over £20,000 has been saved of income, and invested so as to add to the income of the Church. Of this amount £[illegible]000 was added to the Auxiliary Fund, and £[illegible] to the accounts sent out to the members of the Synod; but the remaining £16,000 does not appear in these accounts. I obtained this information on application to Mr. [illegible]."

The report was issued to the members of Synod in the usual form, and the usual photo appendix, containing detailed statements of all accounts, will, as usual, be available in the Synod House. These detailed statements contain what is shown in Professor Culverwell's letter. The report was subsequently adopted by the Synod.

A Further resolution referred to the Church by the Society's Sub-Committee of Appeals was also unanimously adopted.

We remain, the Secretary of Appeals to the Synod, and the Secretary of the Representative Body of the Church of Ireland, 52 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, May 11th, 1918.

POTATO PRICES.

Food Controller has fixed the base price of Irish ware potatoes delivered to the growers, and ware potatoes delivered to the growers, under the 12th May, 1918, at £[illegible] per ton.

The King on Saturday presented Mr. Charles Lucas, editor of the Daily Telegraph, with the D.S.O., E.N. the Albert Medal in gold for gallantry, conferred in saving the lives of a crew of [illegible] in the Mediterranean.

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

TOBACCO-GROWING IN IRELAND.

The seventeenth annual general report of the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland has been issued as a Parliamentary Grey Book. It states that expenditure amounting to £26,763 was incurred in connection with food production schemes, of which £6,059 was met from savings on the Parliamentary Votes, and £18,741 from the special Vote of Credit made for the purpose in the year 1916-17. The expenditure on the Science and Art institutions and the Geological Survey was as follows:—Royal College of Science, £21,088; National Museum, £10,053; National Library, £4,364; Metropolitan School of Art, £3,536; Royal Botanic Gardens, £4,266 (including Survey, £1,412. Grants to Technical Schools and Classes of Science and Art, amounting to £101,196, were also provided from the Votes. A sum of £7,940 from agricultural funds, with the concurrence of the Agricultural Board, granted for rural classes in manual instruction and domestic economy working under the authorities, and a grant of £2,700 from the same funds was also made for classes in lace, crochet, farriery, and other rural industries, working under the direct supervision of the Department.

Dealing with the National Library, the report states:—Owing to the Dublin insurrection in 1916 a full library service was impossible for a time. To this and other special cause is attributable a fall in attendances of readers. These numbered 135,843, as compared with 155,570 in the preceding library year. The volumes added to the Library numbered 3,[illegible]. Many donations are acknowledged in the report, of which the most important was that of a thousand volumes from the library of the late Dr. J. K. Ingram, presented by his daughter, Miss Ingram. There were receptions of welcome, exchange of compliments, and hand-shaking between the Lord Lieutenant and the different officers. His Excellency then left the pier and motored to Dublin accompanied by Sir Bryan Mahon. The ceremony was over in a few minutes, and Lord French had arrived in less than five minutes after the arrival of the Ulster.

THE FEIS CEOIL.

The Feis Ceoil came to a conclusion on Saturday evening with the concert given by prize-winners. The day was occupied by competitions, at which, as we have recorded, Mr. Percy Grainger, the pianist, and Colonel Fitzmaurice, the pipe player, gave a very excellent young player, and a coming good performer. It was the best attended competition we had heard for a few years he had judged at the Feis Ceoil, and the worst he had heard that day. He would have liked to see the Feis Ceoil, and the competitors were young fellows, and deserved a word of encouragement.

Irish Pipes, 6 entries—1, Denis Delaney, Ballinalee; 2, Pat Ward, Drogheda; 3, Anthony McCann, Ballyjamesduff.

Irish Fiddle, 3 entries—1, Miss Bridget Gough, Windsor Cottages, Rathmines, Dublin.

Solo Irish Harp (competition open), 2 competitors—Second class, award (silver medal), Miss Eva Gallagher, Ballyjamesduff, Cavan. Open, 3 competitors—Silver medal, P. Murtagh, St. James's Hospital, Dublin; 2, Miss Eva Gallagher; 3, Miss Nora [illegible] (2nd), John O'Keefe, 7 Ontario Terrace, Rathmines; 4 (silver), E. Kelly, St. James's Hospital, Dublin; 5, Miss Nora Ryan, 7 Ontario Terrace, St. James's Band. No award was made either to the Irish Harp or Fiddle competitors. Irish Lyre—1, W. Dunlavy, 2, Mervyn Pratt.

Flute Bands, 3 entries Trl, "Le Fish et Le Fiddle." Flute Band—Adjudicators, Mr. J. Ord Hume and Signor Esposito—1 (No. 1), Dublin Guards, Conductor, Mr. Tobin; 2, Dublin Guards (Mr. A. Fawcett), 96 pc. marks, 3 (No. 2), Kilternan Band, Conductor, Mr. Kennedy (Mr. Murlin), 92 pc. The others in order of merit were: 4, St. Dominic's Juvenile Band, Dublin (Conductor, Mr. C. Kennedy); 5, Dublin (No. 5) Royal Hibernian Military School (Conductor, Sergt. Major Bell); 6, D. Dunn, Dublin Independent Flute Band (Conductor, Mr. Dunn); 7, Dublin Guards (No. 3); 8, Clontarf Fife and Band, Dublin (Conductor, Mr. A. Burke), 78 pc.

PRIZEWINNER'S CONCERT.

The Brennan Memorial Competition shows was nearly filled for the concert given by prize-winners. On the whole the concert was not exceedingly enjoyable; the numbers selected for the instrumentalists were of too great a length for anything like an audience to be entertained, and the two persons at least within a small radius for the concert, Mr. Percy Grainger, played a piece that formed a tribute to the nothing people of music when ably expounded, but on the other hand it was a pity that the Irish performers which passed from the stage of being a mere accompaniment to the piano, held up the attention. There was not a note in the whole concert that was not in accordance with the decision of the artists are very youthful; there is yet time for them, having shown that they can handle their instruments, to develop the necessary expression and pronounce. The Irish vocal items received more attention than the instrumental, for the English ones, as a fact, curiously enough, treated by one or two of the competitors, Irish. Irish poems about the soldiers were the best quality of their voices in each register, and easy production, a matter in which Irish singers are perhaps not ahead of their rivals. Method in production appears to be the great desideratum, and it would be well, endeavored to take as a starting point of study, a word of warning or encouragement, given to the singing of Mark Hely Dwyer, by the Loreto National School children's trio, which showed considerable skill in production, and a very artistic ideas and unity of intention. The trio, with one exception, sang "Fairy Bells," was slightly overbearing. On the instrumental side the most interesting performance was the violin solo of Miss Mabel Hickie. It was just the right size of the circumstances, but showed considerable skill in handling the difficulties of the composition of ideas which should carry the player to a higher skill than it had. It is worth considering whether the balance of the Feis concerts should be increased by the introduction of a flute, violin, clarinet, or harp, or perhaps the Irish harp. The first two pieces by Miss Alice Bell and Dorothy Blake was an entertainer in them, very well placed. It was unfortunate that the pianist, Mr. Kitty O Fagan, who won the medal while suffering from influenza, was not in a fit state, while in regard to the other voices it is a matter for hearty congratulation, that the promising young artists one has heard in Dublin within the last year or two.

AFFORESTATION IN IRELAND.

At the monthly meeting of the Council of the Royal Horticultural Society of Ireland, held at 5 Molesworth street, Dublin, on the 10th inst., the Marquis of Headfort, President, in the chair, the following resolution of the Sub-Committee of Arboriculture, referred to the Council, for consideration, was passed unanimously, viz.:—

The Committee of Arboriculture of the Royal Horticultural Society of Ireland, in view of His Majesty's Government the pressing necessity of taking measures for the rapid afforestation of the extensive and suitable tracts of land in Ireland, and the necessity of the utmost tree now being devoted to timber, and that the home one of absolute security and of vast importance to the Empire, and the future of Ireland.

The following facts demonstrate the urgency of the matter:

(1.) The largely increased, and increasing, demand for all classes of timber. (2.) The rate of felling than of planting, a rate which by increase in home production during the war is to be a rate proportionately during the war. (3.) The increasing demand for timber and the great restriction in the supply from (4.) The demonstrated fact that timber of home growth can be remunerative.

This Committee, therefore, considers that the Government can do no better than—

(1) Undertake a well considered and comprehensive State policy of reafforestation and renewal. (2) Organise a staff of skilled advisers, foresters, and to other occupiers of afforestable land, in the formation of woods, and to provide forestry for persons, public and private.

In view of the decision of allowing that any action be taken for many years after the cessation of peace, it is certain that Irish afforestation should at once be possible to proceed on a big scale. The Committee, in view of the Report of the Department as issued, and dealt with as accordance in accordance with the decision in Synod of 1917, the net income of the Church is shown in the balance sheet contained in the Report, as audited by Messrs. Deloitte, Gardiner and Co., the auditors appointed by the Standing Committee of the General Synod.

R. K. L. KENNEDY, A.S.A.A., Accountant to the Representative Church Body.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Through the upsetting of his canoe a wounded man named Cass, of Chelsea, was drowned in the River Medway at Tonbridge.

Fire has broken out in Prague, and 120 houses were burned down, and 700 men are without shelter.

Over 200 tons of cocoa were destroyed by fire at Gwubowen, near Berlin, on Wednesday night.

Though on Saturday seven plasterboys at work on the Great Western Railway failed to see an approaching train, and three were killed.

Lord Justice Henry Duke was received by King at Buckingham Palace on Saturday. His Majesty gave him the accolade of knighthood.

The Press Association regrets to announce the death at a nursing home in London of Colonel Davies, of the Australian Forces.

Sixteen Sinn Fein servants were ordered to undergo ninety-six hours' detention in Dublin for breaking an agreement to drill.

Under the Defence of the Realm Regulations, 1918, provides that after May 31st no person may manufacture any "engineers' or other tools, or parts of them, except under

DEATH OF LORD COURTNEY.

The Times announces the death of Lord Courtney of Penwith, which occurred in London Saturday. In a leading article, "The Times"—The death of Lord Courtney lends a peculiar interest to the vote on the "P. R." clause, which the House of Commons is to vote on-day. He was for many years a deeply respected member of the staff of this journal. Thought, in recent times, we have differed strongly from his views on most questions of national policy, we join with all his fellow-citizens in paying tribute to his high character, his wide knowledge, and his inflexible honesty. For more than thirty years he had been the protagonist in the campaign for proportional representation. He resigned office in 1885 of it so long ago as 1884, and the "P. R." Schedule is the form in which, after many vicissitudes, the fruits of that campaign are to be brought to the test to-day. In an early notice The Times refers to him as one the most dignified figures in our political life. Of Courtney found his true place on the cross-bench of the House of Lords. It was not his to espouse popular causes, and the attitude which he felt constrained to take up during the present war was not one that could have been formally endorsed at any time by a superior either of the Government of the day of any organised opposition. He was one a small band of cross bench Peers who, in early in the struggle, took up the position that the war could only end in a deadlock, and that the only way out of the impasse was peace by negotiation. He made several speeches in this sense in the House of Lords, one of which attracted the most attention he delivered in the late autumn of 1915. It was an extraordinary pessimistic speech, even those sombre times, and it was characteristic of the man that he should have confessed that he never felt so much alone as at that time. His gloomy picture of our national and civil-civilisation almost destroyed, our hard guarantees of personal liberty struck at disappearance in the domain of public law—liberty seized upon by the German Press as always, hungry for propaganda. But "North German Gazette, as we recorded at time, had not enough to see that Lord Courtney's was but a voice in the desert.

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

AUSTRIA AND PEACE.

In a leading article on Baron von Burian's speech, that Austria holds the sword in one hand and an olive branch in the other, The Times says—To judge by murmurings distinctly audible in the Prussian Press, there will seem to be in Berlin and elsewhere some doubt as to the present temper of the Hapsburg sword. The Allied countries, on the other hand, the Hapsburg olive branch is now recognised to have no greater virtue than the Hohenzollern blade. On Wednesday last the Special Committee of the Foreign Affairs Commission of the French Chamber, appointed to examine the Emperor Charles's correspondence with Prince Sixtus of Bourbon Parma, reported that the "peace conversations" begun, and abandoned, by Austria-Hungary in 1917 and 1918 did not provide, at any time, an opportunity for a peace acceptable to France and her allies. This verdict should finally dispose of the attempts made, with dubious zeal, in Germany, in Italy, and in this country to represent the French Prime Minister, M. Clemenceau, as having wickedly thrown away a chance of concluding an honourable peace by his exposure of the various Austro-Hungarian "peace overtures." The plain truth for those who have eyes to see, and who understand the elements of the Austro-Hungarian situation, is that there has never yet been the slightest prospect of concluding any peace with Austria-Hungary on the only terms which the Allies could or can contemplate.

MUTINY IN THE AUSTRIAN FLEET.

A Times war telegram from Italy says—News has been trickling through to Italy for some time about a great mutiny in the Austrian fleet early in February. It is possible now to give a fairly accurate idea of what happened. The mutiny began at Pola, but, as it broke out almost simultaneously at Cattaro, it looks as if there were collusion between the two ports. It was among seamed workmen that the rioting began at Pola. They demanded the cessation of various disciplinary measures and punishments inflicted both in vessels and ashore. The movement soon spread to ships in the harbour, the crews left their posts and thronged the quays, shouting, hurrahing, and acting as they pleased. The officers were powerless, but there seems to have been no fighting between them and the men. The naval authorities parleyed with the men for a week, and finally all the officers and workmen's demands were granted. At Cattaro the mutiny took a more serious turn. Six cruisers and several destroyers hoisted the red flag. The German and Magyar elements in some of the ships held aloof, but there were encounters between them and the mutineers, the guns of one cruiser being turned against another, and some mutineers being killed. Finally the mutineers got the upper hand and three days of anarchy and lawlessness followed. Officers were seized. The Admiral Commanding was taken by sailors from his flagship to confinement in a vessel in the harbour, where he was treated apparently no very gentle treatment. The mutineers gave all orders, afloat and ashore. These were printed, and signed "The Committee of Crews." Wireless apparatus was seized, and the sailors' committee communicated their demands to Vienna, stating which the immediate conclusion of peace was prominent. Alarm was caused by these measures, and placating but non-committal replies were sent. After many prolonged counsels it was decided to despatch to Cattaro a division of the Fleet under a German Admiral, to which it was thought reliance might be placed. When this appeared before Cattaro the position was critical, as murmurings had broken out also in the new division. The situation was saved by the Teuton element in the crew of the revolting cruisers in the harbour firing free and hauling down the red flag. The loyalists then opened on an equal footing with the Admiral and the mutineers, and finally the latter consented to surrender their guns on receiving written guarantees that they would be taken against any mutiny that followed. It is understood that a number of grievances would be redressed. The Cattaro Austrian Fleet then returned under the Austrian flag, after being for days in open revolt. As a consequence of the mutiny the Emperor Charles cashiered a number of high officers on the ground that their slackness that had permitted this outbreak. About thirty officers are believed to have been retired. The Fleet has been put under the command of a notoriously severe and much hated Admiral. Efforts were made later to take the amnesty to the mutineers, and there have been heavily punished for supposedly political offences, but nothing has been done publicly. As most of Austria's sailors belong to oppressed races, there is no doubt a ferment continues in the Fleet equal to that in the Army.

GERMAN OFFICIAL.

Saturday.

In the Kommel region the artillery battle was lively at intervals. We carried out minor operations successfully. French local attacks to the north of Kommel and near Locre were repulsed.

On the Somme battlefield violent infantry engagements in the evening followed after several hours of artillery preparation. English regiments attacked in vain the lines in Avelyn Wood. Their attacking waves suffered the heaviest losses under our fire.

Enemy night attacks against Hangard also failed. We taken prisoners in the Ancre, the enemy obtained a foothold in Grivesnes Park. For the rest, his attack broke down with sanguinary losses. Successful counter-attacking engagements on the Oise-Aisne Canal, in the Champagne, and to the north-east of Pont-a-Mousson.

In the Apriment Wood we repulsed the advance of a French battalion, which was supported by hand-grenades and flame-throwers. By means of strong mine bombardment, we inflicted heavy losses on the Americans to the west of Apremont and to the north of Parrey.

Saturday Night.

There were local infantry engagements on the southern bank of the Lys and on the western bank of the Avre.

Sunday.

On the battle front the fighting activity was restricted to local engagements. North of Kommel and on the southern bank of the Lys the enemy attacked, after violent artillery preparation, at several points pressing forward in strong reconnaissances. North of Kommel, in hand-to-hand fighting, we broke down the enemy attack in our own lines. Elsewhere his storming troops collapsed under our fire.

On the western bank of the Avre violent fighting developed as the result of our advance south-west of Mailly, during which we captured over thirty prisoners. Between the Avre and the Oise there were many reconnoitring engagements.

In aerial fighting during the last two days 15 enemy aeroplanes were shot down. Twelve of them were brought down by the fighting echelon formerly led by Baron von Richthofen. Lieutenant Lorwenhardt gained his twentieth and twenty-first aerial victories.

PALESTINE.

Turkish Official.—There was the usual artillery fire on both sides. East of the Jordan there was lively patrol activity. An enemy balloon was brought down in flames. Our aircraft successfully attacked from an altitude of 300 metres with bomb and machine guns the camps of enemy cavalry in the Jordan valley.

WAR ITEMS.

The Admiralty announces that one of His Majesty's mine-sweeping sloops was torpedoed by a German submarine off the coast of the Mediterranean. Two officers and thirteen men are missing, presumed drowned. The next-of-kin have been informed.

Yesterday was the third anniversary of the establishment in France of accredited war correspondents with the British Army in the field. Their duty consisting the system of furnishing the public with news from the front by an official eye-witness.

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LULL CONTINUES IN THE WEST.

FRENCH SUCCESSES.

CAPTURE OF 100 PRISONERS.

There was no fighting on a large scale during the week-end, but a number of raids and threats at various points along both the French and British fronts resulted in our favour.

The French troops had two successes, one in the region of Locre, where they advanced their line slightly; another at Mailly-Raineval, where 100 prisoners were taken.

The German communiqué admits the success of the French at Grivesnes Park.

BRITISH OFFICIAL.

Saturday, 10.7 a.m.

French troops advanced their line slightly yesterday evening north-east of Locre, and captured several prisoners. We carried out successful raids during the night west of Merville, and brought back a few prisoners and a machine gun. A raid attempted by the enemy east of Ypres was stopped by our fire.

8.28 p.m.

A raid attempted by the enemy in the neighbourhood of Neuville Vitasse was repulsed. There is nothing further of special interest to report.

Aviation.—On the 10th inst. low clouds and mist prevented flying until 5 p.m., and after this hour the weather cleared on a small part of the front, and great aerial activity took place in this sector until dark. Over fourteen tons of bombs were dropped by us on Provenn, Bapaume, Thielt, Douai, Zeebrugge, and the docks at Bruges.

Hostile scouts were very active, and made repeated attacks on our bombing machines. Eight German aeroplanes were brought down in air fighting, and six others were driven down out of control. Nine of our aeroplanes reported missing on the 7th inst. has since returned.

Sunday, 10.10 a.m.

In a successful local operation carried out yesterday the French troops improved their positions north of Kemmel village, and captured over 100 prisoners.

A hostile raiding party was repulsed yesterday morning near the Ypres-Comines Canal. We secured a few prisoners. Several prisoners and a machine gun were captured by us during the night in patrol encounters in the neighbourhood of Merville.

Hostile artillery was active last night and early this morning in the Ancre sector, south of Albert, on the Villers-Bretonneux plateau, and to the north of Locre, and south of Voormezeele.

Sunday, 7.35 p.m.

With the exception of artillery activity on both sides, there is nothing to report.

Aviation.—On the 11th instant, except for a short period in the morning, the weather was such which bombing and reconnaissance work were carried out by our aeroplanes, the whole front was enveloped in continuous rain. One hostile machine was brought down in air fighting. Two of our machines are missing. It has been ascertained that two hostile machines were brought down on the 10th inst., in addition to the eight previously reported.

FRENCH OFFICIAL.

Saturday.

During the night the artillery struggle continued to be very lively throughout the region Grivesnes and Mailly Raineval (south-east of Amiens). Our troops carried, north of Grivesnes, a strong enemy detachment and made prisoners.

A minor operation against the Bois de Mareuil, north-west of Orvillers Sorel, enabled us to gain an appreciable advantage in order, while thirty-nine prisoners and several machine guns fell into our hands. An enemy counter-attack failed completely under our fire.

Our detachments, moreover, carried out various raids into the enemy's lines, notably south-east of Montdidier, where we made a raid, in the sector of Sapignoul, and in the Woevre. We made some prisoners and brought back material.

Saturday Night.

After a very violent artillery preparation, the Germans on our outposts in the region of Mailly, during which we captured over thirty prisoners. Between the Avre and the Oise there were many reconnoitring engagements.

In aerial fighting during the last two days 15 enemy aeroplanes were shot down. Twelve of them were brought down by the fighting echelon formerly led by Baron von Richthofen. Lieutenant Lorwenhardt gained his twentieth and twenty-first aerial victories.

PALESTINE.

Turkish Official.—There were the usual artillery fire on both sides. East of the Jordan there was lively patrol activity. An enemy balloon was brought down in flames. Our aircraft successfully attacked from an altitude of 300 metres with bomb and machine guns the camps of enemy cavalry in the Jordan valley.

WAR ITEMS.

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NEW OFFENSIVE EXPECTED.

ENEMY PREPARING.

The Press Association Special Correspondent at British Headquarters telegraphed on Saturday—The week that is closing has been the least eventful of any corresponding period since the Germans began their great offensive on this front. The only infantry actions of note have been the Ridgewood fighting between Voormezeele and La Clytte, when we lost and brilliantly re-took positions of tactical vantage, and the persistent and daring local pushes by the Australians, which have resulted in advancing our line substantially between the north bank of the Somme Canal and south of Dernancourt.

There have been a few quite trifling encounters at other parts of the front, but in no case on a sufficient scale appreciably to affect the general situation.

That the enemy is making his preparations for another attempt is beyond all doubt, and it would be no surprise if he again tried to develop his original strategic scheme. The prolonged delay in resuming his hammer-blow tactics is probably due less to the necessity of bringing up and employing his heavy artillery than to the difficulties of communication which the enemy is experiencing across our country which he himself so thoroughly devastated more than a year ago.

Airmen report incessant activity in making and mending roads which they do much to interfere with.

RIOTOUS GERMAN NAVAL MEN.

The Times, in a telegram dated yesterday, says—Occasionally glimpses of the enemy's troubles are revealed. Thus, for example, when a friend upon an officer candidate of a German infantry regiment who was recently captured, is an entry stating that a ship belonging to the Kaiserin Elizabeth, which take place near Albert, had been abandoned because the Second Naval Division had broken into, Albert and demanded a wholesale riot. The diary added that the division was being dealt with for disorderly behaviour and pillage. What has since happened is I know not, but it seems to have disappeared from the German army with which it had been serving.

THE RECAPTURE OF GRIVESNES.

The Press Association's Special Correspondent with the French Army, writing on May 12th, says—Of the several minor operations carried out last week one of the most interesting was the recapture of Grivesnes by the French on Thursday. The southern end of the park and chateau of Grivesnes we had maintained through the battles of April. In the northern end of the park the Germans had established themselves, and they held a ridge of ground commanding two valleys with roads running along them which were our main means of access to the park. It was decided that the ridge should be captured. Three German redoubts were carried out by our aeroplanes, the whole front was enveloped in continuous rain. One hostile machine was brought down in air fighting. Two of our machines are missing. It has been ascertained that two hostile machines were brought down on the 10th inst., in addition to the eight previously reported.

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THE OSTEND FEAT.

WAR CABINET AND SIR ROGER KEYES.

GERMAN ACCOUNTS.

The War Cabinet has sent the following telegram to Vice-Admiral Sir Roger Keyes, Commanding at Dover:—

The country owes you and the officers and man under your orders its warmest thanks for the successful efforts you have made to deal with the submarine menace at its source. The blocking of Ostend last night puts the finishing touch to the gallant achievement at Zeebrugge; and we send you our sincere congratulations.

In reply, the Vice-Admiral, Dover, has sent the following telegram to the War Cabinet:—

On behalf of all the ranks and ratings which I am proud to have had placed under my command, I thank you for your much appreciated message.

FRENCH TRIBUTE TO THE NAVY.

The Temps (says a Press Association War telegram) devotes a leading article to the British naval success at Ostend, which, it says, has caused profound satisfaction in all Allied countries. One appreciates in the second effort to close the port of Ostend the qualities of perseverance and courage of the British sailors. The journal affirms that the operation was carried out with a minimum of losses, and that the watchfulness of the Germans was found at fault. It also pays a tribute to the devoted courage of the volunteers of the Vindictive, whose two crews, explicits, it declares, symbolise the high qualities of the British sailor. The article adds: The objects of the two operations are now accomplished. The Germans may consider their complete success, but without doubt the movement of ships from the two ports has now been rendered almost impossible. The advantage obtained by the British is to hamper considerably the action of German submarines in the North Sea, to prevent raids of torpedo-boats and destroyers from the two ports, and to facilitate the watch upon all enemy ships in the eastern region of the North Sea. These are results of which the importance cannot be underrated.

L'Homme Libre, in a leading article, says Reuter's Paris correspondent, expresses its unbounded admiration for the heroism and tenacity of the British sailors. It says—In the history of no other Navy, or, indeed, of any warfare, either by land, air, or sea, have we any record of such exploits as the daring bottling up of the harbours of Ostend and Bruges. The story of those gallant deeds will remain an honour to the people that accomplished them for the righteous purpose of putting an end to the brigandage of Germany's corsairs.

GERMAN EYE-WITNESS'S ACCOUNT.

What purports to be an eye-witness's account of the attack on Ostend is telegraphed from Berlin: It was a fine, cloudless night when the ships we have built since the beginning of the war only suffice to cover our losses in marine material, were attacked and carried by the enemy. The decline in the world tonnage through marine accidents, and through the sinking of enemy ships, has amounted, on an average, in peace time, to about 800,000 gross tons. To this must be added the massacre of the Quadruple Alliance. You may now, yourselves, reflect what the shrinkage means. Many thousands of tons of U-boat material meet in Bukharest to fix the amount of losses. Rumania will also indemnify neutral nations for damages caused by the Rumanian territory. Clause 3 stipulates for the restoration of treaties and commercial agreements, including Powers in force before the war, except where the treaty provides otherwise.

Clause 4 restores the Danubian obligations.

Clause 5 deals with compensation for damage suffered by civilians through acts contrary to international law.

Clause 6 says that the respective prisoners of war shall be repatriated as soon as possible. Interned civilians will also be gratuitously sent home.

Clause 8 gives amnesty for offences by prisoners and interned persons.

Clause 9 provides for the return of river craft, merchant ships, and cargoes, or for compensation.

Clause 10 preserves the rights of German churches and schools in Rumania.

Clause 11 says the representatives will meet in Berlin four weeks after the signing of the treaty to make regulations as regards fulfilling and guaranteeing Rumania's financial obligations.

The contents of the lengthy petroleum agreement concluded between the Central Powers and Rumania, says Reuter's Amsterdam Correspondent, as telegraphed from Berlin, confirm the information on the subject already published. The Central Powers' controlling company, the Oil-lands Exploitation Company, is endowed with exclusive rights of the most far-reaching character for thirty years, with the right of prolongation for two subsequent periods of thirty years, making ninety in all. Up to case-quarter of the production shares will be offered to the Rumanian Government, with the right of transfer to private interests. But Germany and Austria-Hungary ensure their

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ASTON'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE DUBLIN UNIVERSITY FUH-KIEN MISSION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Will you allow us to call the attention of those of your readers who belong to the Church of Ireland to the situation created by the tragic death of the Rev. H. E. C. Graham at the hands of pirates in China? The Dublin University Fuh-Kien Mission has of late years undertaken the weighty task of supplying the staff both for the county of Fuh Ning and the great group of educational buildings known as Trinity College, Foo Chow. The war has already gravely affected us in two ways. First, we have released for the R.A.M.C. from the work of Fuh Ning Hospital both our doctors, and also another who was coming out to join them, while our senior clerical missionary is now doing a second year as chaplain on active service. Secondly, it has gravely diminished our supply of possible missionaries by decreasing the numbers in the Divinity School.

Now two further events of great importance have suddenly befallen the Mission. Mr. Hind, one of our chief educational missionaries, has been appointed Bishop in Fuh-Kien, and we thus lose his services. It is a very great loss, yet, nevertheless, a joyful event. But the other loss brings with it deepest sorrow. Only two missionaries were left for the whole work of Fuh Ning. Mr. Graham's special share was the arduous duty of itinerating in that difficult region of hill and valley; and, as many villages lie on inlets of the sea, our boat, the "T.C.D.," was very often used by him. He was, no doubt, when thus engaged on his Master's service that he met the end which his active and fearless spirit would think most fitting for a missionary. Details we do not yet know, but we do know that only one man is now left in Fuh Ning, while at Foo Chow our College staff has been also reduced too low for efficiency.

We, therefore, appeal most earnestly to the younger clergy of our Church who are Trinity men to consider the urgency of this need. These are days of conflicting claims, but in making our request we have the sanction of the Archbishop of Dublin; and we hope that some will be found who feel that this is a field of service which the Master means for them and who are free to go.—Yours, etc.,

J. W. STEWART.
J. F. SHEARMAY,
Hon. Secretaries, D.U.F.M.

Trinity College, Dublin, May 11th, 1918.

WOMEN AND THE FRANCHISE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Now that all women over thirty are entitled to the Parliamentary vote, I should like to urge upon them the necessity of filling up the Registration Form A, and returning it as directed. If they have not already received the form, they should apply immediately for it at the City, to the City Clerk, if in the township, to the Clerk of the urban district where they reside.

No woman living in furnished lodgings is now eligible to register; she must own the furniture of her home, and pay rent, even a nominal rent, as in the case of a daughter residing in her parents' house. The Act of an occupier of land or premises is entitled to a vote, provided, as already stated, that she is thirty years of age. It is essential that women should put themselves in a position to use the franchise, now that it has been granted to them, and I urge my sisters to respond to the call of duty.—Yours, etc.,

ANNA M. HASLAM.

163 Rathgar road, Dublin,
May 11th, 1918.

KING'S COUNTY SHOOTING AFFAIR.

A young man named Thomas Fleming was arrested at 3 o'clock yesterday morning at Clara by Sergeant Somers on a charge of firing at and wounding a discharged soldier named Nicholas Bannon in Clara on the previous night. The accused was taken before a magistrate and remanded. Bannon, who lies in King's County Infirmary in a precarious condition, with a bullet wound in the jaw, stated at the magisterial investigation, before Mr. Brady, that, at 11 o'clock on the previous night he was standing on the footpath in Clara when a man named Walsh called Bannon over, and said something which provoked him to make a "lick" at him. Fleming rushed at him, and, producing a revolver, fired at him, the bullet striking him in the left jaw. Bannon fell, and was subsequently picked up by two men named Duffy and Rochford, who brought him to his home, where he was attended by Dr. O'Hara, who ordered his removal to the County Hospital. Joe Bannon, the injured man's 16-year-old brother, came on the scene during the altercation, and alleges that he saw Fleming stagger and fall on his knees, his brother exclaiming, "Oh, Lord, I'm gone." It is also alleged that Bannon attacked Fleming with a knife. Bannon's condition is critical. The bullet, which has lodged somewhere in the neck, has not been extracted yet.

1st DUBLIN COMPANY BOYS' BRIGADE

"A smart company" was the description applied by the inspecting officer to the 1st Dublin Company of the Boys' Brigade, who held their twenty-seventh annual inspection in the tennis courts of Lord Iveagh's Gardens, Harcourt street, on Saturday afternoon. There was a large assemblage of friends of the boys on the banks around the arena, and an excellent view was obtained of all the exercises through which the members of the company were put. The inspecting officer was Major-General De La Poer Beresford (Royal Berkshire Regiment), and he was attended by Captain John W. West, of the Buffs, a past member of the 1st Company. The attendance included Rev. W. Baillie, rector of St. Stephen's Church; Rev. Canon Day, battalion president; Rev. H. W. B. Thompson, Rev. D. Sullivan, Dr. McVittie, Sergeant Quigg, V.C., Royal Irish Regiment, at present a patient in the Castle Hospital; Mr. G. E. Smyth, Mr. G. W. Shannon, battalion vice-president and captain of 1st Company; Mr. T. R. Kerford, battalion secretary; Mr. H. F. Foxhall, battalion treasurer; etc. In addition to Captain Shannon, the following officers of the company were on duty:—Lieutenants C. M. Allen, A. C. Sidebotham, R. M. Wolfe, and J. C. Dann.

The proceedings opened with the singing of a hymn and prayer, after which there was a presentation of special prizes. These included gold medals to ex-Sergeant A. Fitzsimmons, now in the A.S.C. in France, and to ex-Corporal George Porter, for "perfect attendance during five years' service in the company." In the bandmasters competition book prizes were awarded to J. J. Hopkins (senior division) and F. J. Bowling (junior division). The Durkett Challenge Cup and Sanderson Medal, for the best private in the last session, were awarded to R. Wallace.

The company was then drawn up in review order and inspected, after which there was a smart march past. This was followed by company drill, ambulance display, Swedish exercises, vaulting horse display, drill down, and figure marching, and three members of the 32nd Company gave a display of chair gymnastics.

At the conclusion of the programme, the inspecting officer made a complimentary speech in the course of which he said the programme had been excellently carried out in all details, the company drill, he said, was exceedingly well done, and he should certainly describe them as "a smart company." Sometimes, he remarked, old men altogether come from the attraction. It came from within, and was the collective result of individual effort. He had nothing to say except praise for all the work he had seen, and he wished to congratulate the officers and the boys as the result of the training. He saw by the company record that they had 216 past members on active service, and of these 43 obtained commissions and rank and 36 N.C.O.s rank. It was a great deal to be able to say that they belonged to a unit of which so many of its members had gone out to discharge their duty to their country, and he hoped those who were now in the ranks would be governed and guided by the high standard set by those who had gone before.

Cheers were then given for the inspecting officer, Captain West, and for Sergeant Quigg, V.C., and the proceedings terminated with the National Anthem. During the afternoon the band of the company, under the direction of Lance-Corporal Hawkins, Royal Irish Tonmasery, played an excellent programme of music.

ALEXANDRA COLLEGE GUILD.

ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

Saturday was the Annual Conference Day of the Alexandra Guild, Alexandra College, Dublin, there was a large attendance at the morning session. Miss White, LL.D., presided.

Miss White heartily welcomed old students back to the College. In the College had developed and expanded greatly during the past few years. The Guild had now a membership of 941. A body of that kind and size must necessarily make its weight and influence felt. Lady Waterford, one of the Guild's vice-presidents, was President of the War Hospitals Supply Depôt, and they all knew what splendid work she had done. A very large number of the guild worked under her in the depôts. Miss Stacey, the Recruiting Organiser for Ireland of Queen Mary's Army Auxiliary Corps, was an old student of the College. The year 1918 was an eventful one for women, as the Parliamentary franchise was extended to them. In reviewing the work of the Guild during the past year their feeling was one of deep thankfulness, for at a time when an organized demand was being made on the resources and generosity of everyone, the project of the Guild had flagged. The tenement houses—the oldest branch of their work—had been admirably managed by Miss Cunain, Miss Dixon, Miss Boydell, Miss Douglas, and their helpers. In Greenville street the friends were poorer than those in Summerhill, and the work that had been done in these streets was admirable. Not (Miss White) was present at two parties in Greenville street—one given by Miss Dixon and Miss Coade, and the other by Lady Ardilaun, at which she acted as waitress. The children were clean and tidy, and all was cheery, bright, and happy; every trace of the squalor which was formerly a marked characteristic of the houses had disappeared. (Hear, hear.) There were many both ladies on the Guild's branch and girls who had taken up the duty of visiting the emigrant fund provided help in sickness, at a time of stress and trouble when it mattered. The sum of £26, which the sanitarians required to be spent on the improvement of the Guild's scheme for which they had never to beg, it was the Conference gift, for which had been asked over to them complete. It was a possession of which they might be proud. Miss Dixon, Miss E. Smith, he (Miss White) was sure, would be the managers of the Guild's share of the work done by it. Thirty children were sent to the country for a fortnight last year, and the work was well attended to. The wonderful work of the Guild in Summerhill had been the special war work undertaken by the College Guild, and it was the first to begin it. Some of which (the Emergency workroom and the Medical Aid Committee) had grown so much as they had fulfilled their purposes. The home for factory girls, which was a most important work under the management of Mrs. R. H. Murray, for whom it was excellently managed. The nursing problem was one of great difficulty, but Alexandra Brigade has a strength of three officers and fifty members, and had lost another member to the Duke of Connaught's Hospital, in the same way as Miss Kathleen Kirkpatrick, who had been formed by nurses of which 225 comforts were sent to the Leinster Regiment. The Savings Association was started in February, the membership of which had already reached a sum of £500 had been invested. She hoped every member of the Guild would do her part in the drive for the Liberty Bonds, which was to be held on June 25th and 26th. (Applause.)

Reports were submitted by Miss Story, M.A., of the Alexandra Working Girls' Club and Holiday Home, by Miss Boydell, of the Alexandra Tenement Houses and Holiday Fund (Greenville street); by Miss A. Dunlop, of the Tenement Houses (Summerhill); by Miss Perry, of the Effective Service Committee; Miss Maunsell, of the Pembroke Garden Colony; by Mrs. Mutchie, of the Alexandra Work Guild; by Miss R. H. Murray, of the Belgian Relief.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the afternoon session Miss White read a letter from Lady Waterford, in which she said she feared she would be unable to be in Dublin to preside at the Guild meeting. A letter had been recently received by Miss White, Lady Waterford stated, it delayed sending you my depressing wire that the Guild trouble should be left entirely to me, strong for me, and I shall have to give up presiding at the Guild meeting, which I had hoped to do next to me. As you know, I love coming to the College and seeing you and speaking to the students. I am so very sorry, and I am delighted to think that anybody so charming as Lady Waterford would be with you in my place." Lady Waterford's letter was read at the meeting, and it was quoted some figures indicating the extent of the output of the depôts, Lady Waterford expressed the view that during the war the moral effects of the work of the depôts would survive, as everyone concerned in it had learned something of a lesson for herself, she thanked God that she had been given the opportunity of participating in the work, and thought it was sharing in the glorious work of many women all over Ireland.

WOMEN'S AUXILIARY CORPS.

Miss Swanzy gave some interesting facts about Queen Mary's Army Auxiliary Corps, of which she is the Recruiting Organiser for Ireland. Having referred to the splendid indication of members of the corps who had been decorated, from Mons to France to inspire us to the tools of the many false rumours, which were spread mainly by pacifist and pro-German agencies, she narrated her experiences at a large camp in England containing four thousand concentrated soldiers, which was run by one hundred women, with our mail administration and one assistant administrator over them. Before the women took over the camp the huts and entertainments were appalling. Many concerts had, however, been given in the huts, and the proceeds of the concerts had been returned to the public was £703, and the value of the big co-produce class, which the amounts respectively for December were £1,087 and £356, is an instance of what had been done in England generally by the corps. Miss Swanzy stated that the savings from the profit due for the year amounted to £500,000, and from this sum a loan to the Government made 1,500 tons of potatoes, enough to make 125 million 1lb.-loaves. The glycerine was formerly bought in America at about £240 per ton, but by this system it could about £50 per ton. The corps was a splendid record, and justified the employment of women, even if the provision of special quarters meant an extra initial expense. Miss Swanzy then described the operations adopted in the case of a candidate applying for service in the corps in Ireland, and mentioned that after registration the candidate usually had to wait at least a month before she could be called to Selection and Medical Boards. That was partly due to the shortage of medical women, and only one Board at a time in Ireland could be arranged, and there was a very large area to be covered. Members of girls had to be put back on account of their health. Ireland could give the corps a quota of girls, if those girls were taught the use of the tooth brush and the necessity for looking after themselves. Girls had to be sent home because wives and mothers they might look to as relations for providing dental attention at all the schools. Those who had influence with the educational authorities should urge this most necessary reform. Men who digested remnants of meat scraps lying up for this urgent war work. They wanted physical culture, whether they liked it or not. Clerks were paid £70 to £95 a week, shorthand typists at the age of eighteen were paid £3 a week, cooks and waitresses £60. Servants wanted £40, and housemaids only £45. It was a matter of national importance that every hospital should under 40 who had the very urgent list at home, and was not allowed to go abroad on some list, up some form of foll (like was service.

Mrs. Pearse gave a review of the proceedings in the morning session.

The Manchuresse of Waterford contributed a very interesting paper on the organisation and operations of the women's sections of the War Hospital Supply Depôts in Ireland. Having briefly traced the formation of the depôts, she said that from the central depôt alone, they supplied surgical dressings to eleven million, surgical and medical auxiliary hospitals, apart from the regular supplies sent to the various battle fronts. Regular workers came in large numbers to the depôts every week, and worked ungrudgingly on behalf of those who were daily coming into the depôts. Every number of ladies came after business hours, and worked at work for the Red Cross. Having quoted some figures indicating the extent of the output of the depôts, Lady Waterford expressed the view that after the war the moral effects of the work of the depôt would survive, as everyone concerned in it had learned something of a lesson for herself, she thanked God that she had been given the opportunity of participating in the work, and thought it was sharing in the glorious work of many women all over Ireland.

Votes were conveyed to the ladies who had spoken, and to the members of the Guild, in whose work, and in the work of the College generally, she felt much interest.

Mrs. Preston gave a review of the proceedings in the morning session.

The Manchuresse of Waterford contributed a very interesting paper on the organisation and operations of the women's sections of the War Hospital Supply Depôts in Ireland. Having briefly traced the formation of the depôts, she said that from the central depôt alone, they supplied surgical dressings to eleven million, surgical and medical auxiliary hospitals, apart from the regular supplies sent to the various battle fronts. Regular workers came in large numbers to the depôts every week, and worked ungrudgingly on behalf of those who were daily coming into the depôts. Every number of ladies came after business hours, and worked at work for the Red Cross. Having quoted some figures indicating the extent of the output of the depôts, Lady Waterford expressed the view that after the war the moral effects of the work of the depôt would survive, as everyone concerned in it had learned something of a lesson for herself, she thanked God that she had been given the opportunity of participating in the work, and thought it was sharing in the glorious work of many women all over Ireland.

MR. HOLDEN'S AUCTION.

During the present week Mr. Holden will hold important sales by auction of valuable furniture, for sale to the salesroom, 3 St. Andrew street, Dublin, the property of Mrs. Ellen Jane Wall, with road, with clear possession; also the household furniture "Knockagarvie," Killiney, comprising beds, bedroom suites, chairs, tables, etc. On Thursday next Mr. Holden will sell by auction a collection of old Irish silver, glass, and high class furniture.

ROLL OF HONOUR

The casualty lists issued during the week-end show the following losses:—Officers—Dead, 51; wounded or missing, 282. Rank and file—Dead, 517; wounded or missing, 5,844. Analysis of the lists:—Killed—Officers, 40; men, 378. Otherwise reported, now reported dead—Officers, 4; men, 18. Died of wounds—Officers, 5; men, 115. Died—Officers, 2; men, 6. Wounded—Officers, 139; men, 3,662. Missing—Officers, 36; men, 2,156. Prisoners—Officers, 87; men, 26. Previously otherwise reported, now reported prisoners—Officers, 71; men, 26.

Brigadier-General N. R. Barker is reported killed, and Brigadier-General R. M. Foot wounded.

KILLED.

ANDERSON, Lieutenant D. F., R.W. Kent Regiment.
APPLETARD, Lieutenant C. E., R.F.C.
BATE, Lieutenant T. H. W., Yorks Regiment.
BAXE, Lieutenant T. E. W., Royal Engineers.
BARKER, Brigadier-General N. R., D.S.O.
BEE, Captain H. C., late Lord Ulster Armies.
BRAGDINE, Second Lieutenant W., Wor. Regiment.
BROWN, Second Lieutenant R., Ess. Rifles.
BURKE, Hon. Lieut. A. E., D.S.O., M.C., Middx. R., attd. Wilt. Regiment.
CATOR, Captain J. P., Royal Engineers.
CHIGNELL, Second Lieutenant H., Wor. Regiment.
DORLEY, Second Lieutenant C. J., late Yeomanry.
COLDRICK, Second Lieutenant T., Wor. Regiment.
GOUDE, Second Lieutenant F. H., K.O. R. Lan. R.
HAYES, Second Lieutenant I. F., S. Staff. Regiment.
HUTAS, Second Lieutenant J., S. Wales Borders, attd. R. Welsh Fusiliers.
KUMP, Second Lieutenant S. K., Oxf and Bucks. L.I.
KNOTT, Second Lieutenant S. W., London Regiment.
LAWRENCE, Second Lieutenant H. H., Kerry Regiment.
McBRIDE, Captain A. R., Staff. Regiment.
MACDONALD, Second Lieutenant J. M., M.C., R.G.A.
PARKER, Second Lieutenant W. H., Wor. Regiment.
PEEL, Second Lieutenant A. E., Staff. Regiment.
PIPER, Captain R. C. S., Staff. Regiment.
PUMPHREY, Second Lieutenant J., Wor. Regiment.
SQUIRES, Second Lieutenant C., R.F.A.
TOWNSEND, Second Lieutenant G. G., R.F.A.
TYLDESLEY, Lieutenant W. K., L. N. Lan. Regiment.
WHITE, Second Lieutenant A. E., Wor. Regiment.
WHITELAW, Capt. T., R.A.M.C., attd. D. of Well. R.
WILKES, Second Lieutenant H., Oxf. and Bucks. L.I.
WILLMORE, Second Lieutenant W. A., Glos. Regiment.

NOW REPORTED KILLED.

GREST, Second Lieutenant S., R. Lan. Regiment.
PURLEY, Lieutenant F. J., Yorks. Regiment.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

BALL, Lieutenant C. H., Yeomanry, attd. M.G.C.
BELL, Second Lieutenant J. E., Leins. R.
MOORE, Sec. Lt. E. K. Manch. R., attd. R. Berks. R.
MORGAN, Second Lieutenant J. S., Wors. Regt.
STANCER, Second Lieutenant J. W., North'd. Fus.

WOUNDED.

CRAWDEN, Lieut. H., MACHINE GUN CORPS.
DALLAS, Sec. Lt. J. H., SMITH, Sec. Lt. F. J. E.
DARCOVE, Sec. Lt. H., MAE, Sec. Lt. J.
GOODE, Sec. Lt. E. H., STONEHOUSE, Sec. Lieut.
HARRIS, Sec. Lt. H. A., TIRSTON, Sec. Lt. H. C. F.
HIND, Sec. Lt. A. J., KINGDOM, Lt. W. A.
LEE, Sec. Lt. J. H.

LONDON REGIMENT.

ASKHAM, Corp. G. H., SIMPSON, Lt. E.
BALLANCE, Sec. Lt. F., STEAD, Sec. Lt. R. J.
BEVAN, Sec. Lt. W., STEVENS, Sec. Lt. A. H.
PEBBLE, Lt. G. W., THOMAS, Sec. Lt. A. B.
SHEPHERD, Sec. Lt. F. J., THOMAS, Sec. Lt. D. G.

LANCASHIRE FUSILIERS.

CARRUTHERS, Captain C. H., NEWMAN, Capt. C. D.
HART, Lt. A. A., PARKER, Capt. C. D. M.C.
MOWLE, Sec. Lt. R. S.

ARGYLL AND SUTHERLAND HIGHLANDERS.

AITKEN, Lt. G. M., FAMES, Lt. J. R.
McCLURE, Sec. Lt. A., GREENLEES, Capt. T.
McGUFFIE, Sec. Lt. A., TAYLOR, Sec. Lt. H.
DENNISON, Sec. Lt. J.

WILTSHIRE REGIMENT.

BURTON, Sec. Lt. E., WALKER, Sec. Lt. W. E.
HAYWARD, Sec. Lt. E., WILSON, Capt. A.
JEANS, Sec. Lt. G. M.

BENNETT, Lt. F. J., MACHINE GUN CORPS.
BOOTH, Sec. Lt. F. A., THOMAS, Sec. Lt. A.
GOODRICH, Sec. Lt. H., WEST, Sec. Lt. B. W.
MARSH, Sec. Lt. A.

WORCESTER REGIMENT.

PATCHELL, Sec. Lt. L., BOSWELL, Sec. Lt. D. R.
HARDMAN, Capt. M.
GOEGIE, Sec. Lt. H. B. J., HOLDEN, Lt. H. B. J.

ROYAL FIELD ARTILLERY.

ABRAHAM, Sec. Lt. J., CREEY, Sec. Lt. M.
COUSLAND, Maj. K. B., THWAITE, Maj. M.
GOLDSBROUGH, Sec. Lt. J., WARD, Sec. Lt. F. J.
IRVINE, Sec. Lt. J. C., WEST, Sec. Lt. C.

TRENCH MORTAR BATTERY.

HALL, Sec. Lt. H., VAYASOUR, Lt. J. E.

ROYAL GARRISON ARTILLERY.

BATEY, Sec. Lt. A., DUNDAS, Sec. Lt. R.D.V.M.
DUNRAE, Sec. Lt. R.D.V.M., BUTLER, Sec. Lt. A.

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

BAYLEY, Sec. Lt. E., CRAWSHAW, Maj. G. B.
GLOCK, Sec. Lt. C. H., HOLT, Maj. A.
HENDERSON, Sec. Lt. D., LEACH, Sec. Lt. A. C.
SHINNIE, Lt. R., FISHER, Maj. J. T., D.S.O.

OTHER STAFF.

BROWN, Sec. Lt. W. R., MOORCROFT, Sec. Lt.
PENTON, Sec. Lt. C. F., MOSS, Sec. Lt. H. C.
MACHIN, Sec. Lt. A., OLIVER, Sec. Lt. L. M.

MANCHESTER REGIMENT.

CARTER, Sec. Lt. J. L., INMAN, Sec. Lt. E. H.
CLARKE, Sec. Lt. J. H., MOSS, Sec. Lt. G. F.
JACKSON, Sec. Lt. J.

YORK AND LANC. REGIMENT.

GAUNT, Sec. Lt. H., PAYNE, Sec. Lt. H.
GOODFELLOW, Sec. Lt. G. O.

WEST YORKS. REGIMENT.

CUNLIFFE, Sec. Lt. H., HOLDEN, Sec. Lt. C. E.
KENWORTHY, Sec. Lt. E., WILLIS, Sec. Lt. M. J.

OTHER REGIMENTS.

AINSLIE, Sec. Lt. J. W., Rifle Brigade.
BAILEY, Captain H. W. G., Wor. Regiment.
BAYLEY, Second Lieutenant F. H., K.O. R. Lancs. R.
BENJAMIN, Second Lieut. T., Gloucester Regiment.
BLACKLEY, Second Lieut. A., Leins. R.
CARTER, Second Lieutenant J. E., Welsh Fusiliers.
COLLINS, Second Lieutenant E. L., Welsh Regiment.
COWIE, Second Lieutenant E. L., Welsh Regiment.
DAVIES, Lieut. D. G., Yeomanry, attd. Welsh Regt.
DAVIES, Sec. Lt. T. H., Welsh Regt., attd. R. Welsh Fus.
EVERS, Sec. Lt. S., M.C., A. Chap. Dept., attd. L.N. Lancs. R.
FARMER, Second Lieutenant J. C., Leicester Regiment.
FORD, Brigadier-General R. M., C.M.G., D.S.O.
FRENCH, Sec. Lt. J. D., Rifle Brigade, attd. Leinster R.
GORMELY, Second Lieut. T., K.O. Scottish Borderers.
HARVEY, Second Lieut. J. H., Royal Irish Regiment.
HARVEY, Lieutenant L. H., M.C., Gloucester Regt.
HEAD, Second Lieutenant Percy, Leinster Regiment.
HOARE, Second Lieut. F. T. R., Royal Berks. Regt.
HOWORTH, Sec. Lt. H., Rifle Brigade, attd. R.F.C.
JANSEN, Second Lieut. H., Leinster Regiment.
JONES, Sec. Lt. T. H., Welsh Regiment.
LEWIS, Lieutenant J. H., South Lancs. Regiment.
MACKAY, Second Lieut. A. M., Royal Scots Regt.
MARSH, Lieutenant A. E., Yorkshire Regiment.
MILLS, Second Lieut. H., Leinster Regiment.
MOORE, Second Lieut. H. P., Scottish Rifles.
MURRAY, Second Lieut. J. A., Royal Scots Regt.
NEILL, Second Lieut. R. J., Royal Irish Regiment.
NEWBY, Second Lieut. F. H., Oxf. and Bucks. L.I.
PEARCE, Sec. Lt. J. H., Leins. R., attd. Leinster R.
PEEL, Capt. T. E., D.S.O., M.C., North'n R., attd. T.M. Bty.
PERRY, Sec. Lt. A. E., Leinster Regiment.
RAYMOND, Capt. G. V., M.C., Oxf. and Bucks. L.I.
REES, Second Lieutenant T. E., Welsh Regiment.
RICHARDS, Second Lieut. T. E., Welsh Regiment.
RITCHIE, Second Lieutenant C., Royal Scottish Fusiliers.
ROBERTS, Second Lieutenant J. E., Welsh Regiment.
ROWLAND, Second Lieutenant J. E., Royal West Kent R.
SHARPLES, Capt. H. M., Royal Irish Regiment.
SHARPLES, Capt. H. M., Royal Irish Regiment.
TIPPIN, Sec. Lt. H., Rifle Brigade, attd. Leinster R.
THOMAS, Second Lieutenant J., Royal Fusiliers.
TIPPIN, Second Lieutenant H. E., Kings Royal Rifles.
VINCENT, Lieutenant R. E., Kings Royal Rifle Corps.
WALKER, Second Lieutenant J., Royal Irish Regiment.
WATSON, Captain W. J., Gordon Highlanders.
WATSON, Captain W. J., Gordon Highlanders.
WEBSTER, Lieutenant W., Gordon Highlanders.
WHITE, Second Lieutenant A. E., Leinster Regiment.
WOOLLEY, Captain C. J., North. Staffordshire Regt.
YOUNG, Second Lieut. J. A., Royal Irish Regiment.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

CLARK, Second Lieutenant C. W., Rifle Brigade.
CORBAIN, Second Lieutenant A. H., North Staff. Regt.
FARMER, Second Lieutenant A. H., North Staff. Regt.
RALFOUS, Second Lieutenant R. B., Cornwall Regt.
MATHESON, Second Lieutenant H., London Regiment.

MISSING.

LONDON REGIMENT.

CALLENDER, Sec. Lt. F., SCHOFIELD, Sec. Lt. H.
CLEMOW, Sec. Lt. S. N.
CLEMENT, Sec. Lt. J. H., SCHOFIELD, Sec. Lt. J.
GARDINER, Sec. Lt. N., TAYLOR, Lt. P. S.
GEERING, Sec. Lt. A.

MACHINE GUN CORPS.

BATES, Lt. G. M., CAPE, Sec. Lt. C. D.
LAMONT, Sec. Lt. C., MC.
LAWRENCE, Sec. Lt. A. C.

WEST YORKSHIRE REGIMENT.

LESLIE, Sec. Lt. H., STEARS, Sec. Lt.
PRESTON, Sec. Lt. H.
STRETTON, Sec. Lt. H.

OTHER REGIMENTS.

CAMPBELL, Sec. Lt. D., Royal Irish Regiment.
CHASLEDE, Sec. Lt. R. H., Wilts. R., attd. Bedf. R.
COGRAVE, Sec. Lt. J., Leins. R.
GIBSON, Sec. Lt. E. M., Cheshire Regiment.
MORTON, Sec. Lt. J. H., Rifle Brigade.
ROBERTSON-SCOTT, Sec. Lt. J. M., Rifle Brigade.
SERGENT, Sec. Lt. E., Leicestershire Regiment.
SEARS, Sec. Lt. O. S., Duke of Wellington's Regt.
YOUNG, Sec. Lt. J. M., Rifle Brigade.

PRISONERS OF WAR IN GERMAN HANDS.

ROYAL KING'S RIFLE CORPS.

ADAM, Sec. Lt. R., FORSYTHE, Sec. Lt. D. S.
BARKER, Sec. Lt. F., HAY, Sec. Lt. J.
BELL, Lt. A., JOHNSON, Sec. Lt. F.
BELL, Sec. Lt. L. M.C., MAYNE, Sec. Lt. R.
BUTLER, Sec. Lt. L., ROBERTSON, Sec. Lt. R.
CAMPBELL, Sec. Lt. A. D., ROBERTSON, Sec. Lt. R.
DAY, Sec. Lt. H. M., STUART, Sec. Lt. D.
DUNCAN, Sec. Lt. J. A., WEIR, Sec. Lt. D.

ROYAL IRISH RIFLES.

ARMSTRONG, Sec. Lt. J., MORRIS, Sec. Lt. W. J., M.C.
BOYLE, Lt. J. K., M.C., MORTON, Sec. Lt. J.
BRYANS, Sec. Lt. J., PRYDE, Capt. R. W.
CARLOTA, Sec. Lt. R. G., REA, Sec. Lt. W.
CARRIGAN, Sec. Lt. J., SCOTT, Sec. Lt. A.
CROKER, Sec. Lt. R., SLOAN, Sec. Lt. J. P.
DAY, Sec. Lt. J. J., SPRATT, Sec. Lt. R.
FERGUSON, Sec. Lt. J., STEWART, Sec. Lt. R. S. M.
GIBSON, Sec. Lt. W. M. K., TODD, Sec. Lt. J. K.
GILLILAND, Sec. Lt. J., WALKER, Lt. S. H.
HALLIGAN, Sec. Lt. C., WILSON, A. M.
HILDRE, Sec. Lt. P., WYLIE, Sec. Lt. J. M.
HOPTON, Sec. Lt. J., FERGUSON, Sec. Lt. T.
IRWIN, Sec. Lt. N. F., PARROTT, Sec. Lt. E. H. K.
JENKIN, Sec. Lt. J.

MACHINE GUN CORPS.

BARKER, Lt. J. E. M.C., BOLTON, Sec. Lt. T.
KER, Sec. Lt. J., SAUNDERS, Lt. T. G.
LAWORT, Lt. A. J., WALL, Sec. Lt. A.
OSBORNE, Lt. T. E., WHITE, Sec. Lt. J. G.

ROYAL FIELD ARTILLERY.

CHURCHILL, Sec. Lt. H., MARTIN, Capt. J. M.
CUNLIFFE, Maj. W. R., MARKTHUR, Lt. E.
HOME, Lt. J., NUTTALL, Sec. Lt. E.
HALL, Capt. J., PARROTT, Sec. Lt. E. G.

MANCHESTER REGIMENT.

CHANDLER, Sec. Lt. J., HUGHES, Capt. M. A.
EVANS, Lt. F., PULPHER, Sec. Lt. J.

ROYAL IRISH RIFLES.

GLOVER, Sec. Lt. R. F., LEMON, Sec. Lt. G. M.
LEVINS, Sec. Lt. W. J., NEVILLE, Capt. W. W.

OTHER REGIMENTS.

BROWN, Lieutenant J., Leicester Regiment.
CLARK, Second Lieutenant W. C. J., Cambr. Regt.
COLLINS, Second Lieutenant J. S., Gordon Highrs.
COUTINOE, Sec. Lt. F. T., Oxf. and Bucks. L.I.
GILBERT, Second Lieutenant Cy. Rifle Brigade.
GIBSON, Lieutenant N., East Yorkshire Regiment.
HARDING, Second Lieutenant A. E., Gordon Highrs.
HARDING, Second Lieutenant W., Worcester Regiment.
HOLLIS, Capt. G. M. B., Hud. L.I., attd. T.M. Bty.
LEIGH, Lt. C. W. G., Royal Army Med. Corps.
LEIGH, Lt. J. G., H. Wor. R., attd. T.M. Bty.
MACRAE, Second Lieutenant D., Black Watch.
MATHEW, Sec. Lt. G. B., Shropshire Light Infantry.
POTT, Captain A. R., Yorkshire Regiment.
THOMAS, Second Lieutenant A., Worcester Regt.
WEST, Captain F. R., R.A.M.C., attd. Rif. Brig.
WINTER, Sec. Lt. W. J. P., Bedf. (Kent Regt.).
YELLOWLEES, Sec. Lt. D., Tank, attd. Bedf. L.I.

NOW REPORTED PRISONERS OF WAR IN GERMAN HANDS.

BLACK WATCH.

GREIG, Capt. D., BERRY, Lt. T. W.
WILKIE, Lt. J. F. McI., GORDON, Lt. J. S.

ROYAL FIELD ARTILLERY.

BALL, Sec. Lt. S. W., HARRIS, Capt. H. R.
BLUNDELL, Sec. Lt. R. A., PONT, Sec. Lt. E. S.
CARR, Sec. Lt. G. W., TOD, Sec. Lt. C. F.
DAWES, Sec. Lt. J. H., WILKINSON, Sec. Lt. R. L.
DANKELMAN, Lt. E.

MACHINE GUN CORPS.

CREEMAN, Sec. Lt. J., McFARLANE, Sec. Lt. A.
FARROW, Sec. Lt. D. R., RAYNER, Sec. Lt. L. S.
GOODE, Sec. Lt. H., WILLIAMS, Sec. Lt. S. M.
KAY, Lt. H., WOOD, Sec. Lt. S. C.
MORRISON, Sec. Lt. S.

SOMERSET LIGHT INFANTRY.

BOYCE, Lt. H. F., SCOTT, Sec. Lt. W. D.
BURNELL, Sec. Lt. F. G., STAFFORD, Sec. Lt. A.
DURRINGTON, Capt. M.S., THATCHER, Lt. W. A. N.
FRANCIS, Sec. Lt. C., TRAPPE, Sec. Lt. C. J.
LEIVERS, Lt. F. S., TWIST, Sec. Lt. T. F.

ROYAL BERKSHIRE REGIMENT.

BRANDON, Lt. G., HEALS, Sec. Lt. W. F.
CAPEL, Sec. Lt. G., JOHNSON, Sec. Lt. A. F.
FOUTMAN, Capt. D. J., LANGSTON, Lt. N.
GOULDSHIP, Lt. G. R., MOTT, Sec. Lt. J. R.
HANNEY, Sec. Lt. W. A., MEEKY, Lt. E. J.

OTHER REGIMENTS.

ACRE, Captain R. W., Leicester Regiment.
ALLMOND, Second Lieutenant G. H., R.G.A.
BLOOMFIELD, Second Lieut. F., Essex Regt.
BIRCHBOUGHER, Sec. Lieut. J. A., Worcs. Regt.
BOWLES, Second Lieut. G. A., R.G.A.
BRAGHT, Second Lieut. G. A., Sherwood Foresters.
CAMERON, Second Lieut. D., Sco. Rifles (Cameronians).
CLARK, Lieutenant J., Manchester Regt.
CLAYDON, Second Lieut. G. E., Leicester Regt.
COCHRAN, Second Lieut. W. A., Royal Irish Regt.
COX, Sec. Lieut. A. G., King's (Liverpool Regt.
DOWNING, Sec. Lieut. A. D., Oxf. and Bucks. L.I., attd. T.M. Bty.
DUNCAN, Captain E. E., R.A.M.C.
FORBES-ROBERTSON, Sec. Lieut. J., Royal Scots.
GUYNN, Lieutenant T. W., Wilts. Regt.
JUDD, Second Lieut. A. E., Oxf. and Bucks. L.I.
MAYLOCK, Second Lieut. F. A., Norfolk Regt.
MOFFAT, Sec. Lt. A. G., Rifle Brigade, attd. Gordon Highlanders.
NEWMAN, Second Lieut. H., Yorks. Regt.
OSTLER, Lieut. R., A.S.C., attd. Oxf and Bucks. L.I.
PARKER, Second Lieut. A. E., Oxf. and Bucks. L.I., attd. T.M. Bty.
REDMAN, Captain C. E., R.A.M.C.
ELIPATH, Lieut. H. S., Aug. and Suth'd Hldrs. and T.M. Bty.
ROWBOTHAM, Capt. G. V., M.C., Oxf and Bucks. L.I.
SEARS, Second Lieutenant E. E., Oxf. and Bucks. L.I.
VACHER, Lieut. W. E., Worc. R., attd. T.M. Bty.
WILCOX, Second Lieut. H. E., Oxf. and Bucks. L.I.

NOW REPORTED PRISONER OF WAR IN AUSTRIAN HANDS.

JERRARD, Lt. A. V.C., Suffolk Regt. and R.F.C.

CORRECTIONS.

WOUNDED.

HAMMOND, Lt. H. A. E., R.F.A., should read
HAMMOND, Lt. H. A. E., R.F.A.
JENNEE, Sec. Lt. A. J., M.C., M.G.C., should read Jennee, Sec. Lt. A. J., M.C., M.G.C.

NEW ZEALAND FORCES.

KILLED.—Nelson, Sec. Lt. W. T. N., Ess. F.A.
WOUNDED.—Bailey, Sec. Lt. J. A., Rif. B

Royal Hospital, 18th to 25th May.

Choosing Stockings

SPECIAL SALE OF WASH FROCKS

W. HOLMES, DUBLIN, LTD., 69, 70, 71 GEORGE'S ST.

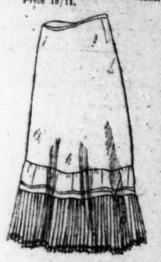
Nurses' Aprons.

Switzer

WATCHES WANTED

PURITAN Underskirts 19/11

Brisk selling in the Underskirt Department to-day will surely follow the heels of this special announcement. RICH TAFFETA SILK Underskirt, in pretty shot effects, choice of twenty-five different shades, with deep frill, finished with narrow pleating and tucks. Price 19/11.



12/11 MOIRETTE SKIRTS 8/11

Moirette Underskirt, as illustration, in four colours only—Navy, Purple, Grey, and Black. Good full sizes, smart style, with knife-pleated frill. Special price 8/11.

Newell's PURITAN UNDERWEAR

76 Grafton Street, DUBLIN.

Telephone Dublin 3268. Telegrams Newell's Dublin 3388

Summer Frocks

A few of the many New Summer Styles arriving daily.

Useful Tab Frock in Check Zephyr, Puritan Collar of White Piqué, Tunic Bodice, in a variety of shades. Wonderful Value, 21/11

Charming Cotton Gabardine Coat and Skirt, cost smartly trimmed, plain collar and revers, large outside patch pockets. Special Price 39/11

Very smart Afternoon Dress in Paisley Voile, trimmed with Sponge Cloth trimming, fancy cuffs, square neck, bodice finished tunic effect. Special Value, 65/6

VISIT THE GRAND WHITSUNTIDE FAIR, 18th to 25th inst.

Robert & Co. 80 to 85, Grafton St.

Clery's

Full Ranges of New Silks for Summer Wear

38 and 40 in. Plain and Shot Taffetas, very complete range of shades, including Black - - - 6/11
36 in. Crepe Ondé, a new washing silk, suitable for sports coats, jumpers, blouses, etc.; in ivory, pink, champagne, coral, sky, grey and navy - - - 4/6
40 in. Crepe Cerona, a washing silk fabric, similar in texture to Crepe de Chine, for dresses and blouses, full range of shades - - - 5/11
42 in. Crepe de Chine, large range of shades - - - 7/11 (sold to-day at 9/6)
32 in. Shantungs, natural colour, all purchased before the recent advance in price, 2/11½, 3/11½, 4/11, 5/11, 6/11, 7/11
32 in. Dyed Shantungs, navy, brown, grey, Saxe, sky, champagne, pink, green and mauve in stock, other shades later - 4/11
38 in. Lovelaces, full range of shades, both plain and striped - - - 3/9
The new deliveries will be 5/6 a yard.
40 in. Satin Mousseline, rich quality, full range of shades, suitable for dressy frocks, 7/11
38 in. Black and Navy and White Striped Silks for coats and skirts - - 15/6
Silk and Wool Poplins in navy and black, suitable for smart coat frocks - 14/6
Patterns (returnable) post free on request.

Clery & Co., Ltd., Lower Abbey St., Dublin

ROOT SEEDS FOR WINTER FEED

Carriage and Packing Free for Cash.

POWER'S 'MONARCH' MANGOLD. Immense cropper, splendid keeper; quality magnificent—the best yellow globe in cultivation. Per lb., 3/6.

'PRIZE-WINNER' YELLOW GLOBE. Heavy-cropping Mangold of first-class feeding value. Select stock. Per lb., 3/3.

POWER'S 'UNRIVALLED' SWEDE. The finest purple-top swede in cultivation. For size, feeding and keeping qualities it is unrivalled. Per lb., 3/4.

POWER'S SELECTED BRONZE-TOP. An exceptionally fine swede; a heavy cropper, exceedingly hardy, long-keeping and very highly selected. Per lb., 3/4.

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Wm. Power & Co., Waterford, SEEDMERCHANTS AND NURSERYMEN.

Newest Millinery Styles

Our Millinery has always been characterised by its excellence and distinctiveness.

Just now we are showing our Buyer's recent purchases of Exclusive Novelties for Whitsuntide Holidays and Fetes. Prices are moderate, and inspection is invited.

Great Whitsuntide Fair, Royal Hospital, Horse Jumping, Whippet Racing, &c. Saturday, May 18, to Saturday, May 25.

D. KELLETT, LTD., George's St. and Exchequer St.

JUDGE THE CORSET BY ITS RECORD.

ABDO and KINGSONIA Corsets are acknowledged as the world's premier Corsets for Slim, Average, and Full Figures.

Abdo

FIGURE REDUCING CORSET with Self-Supporting Bust.

The most perfect Corset ever invented for Full and Average Figures. Gives more support, greater comfort, and a more graceful figure than any other Corset.

No. 801 - - 16/11 In White and Dove-Coutil, low bust, deep over hips. Over 30 inches, 2/- extra.

Every Pair Guaranteed.

No. 306 - - 8/11 In White Coutil, very low bust, deep over hips. In Pink, 2/- extra.

Kingsonia

Create an Ideal Dress Foundation. Perfect in Fit, Style, Quality, and Finish. ROBERT & Co., Grafton St., Dublin. Illustrated Booklet Free on Request. BRITISH THROUGHOUT.

'KINGSONIA' CORSET Co., 14 Fore Street, LONDON, E.C.2.

COMMANDER ADVICE— VISIT THE GRAND WHITSUNTIDE AT THE ROYAL HOSPITAL THIS DAY 18 & 20 GRAFTON ST.

SEWELL, SON & SIMS AUCTIONEERS.

MACKIE, BURNS and CO., AUCTIONEERS.

HORSES HARVEY'S WORM & CONDITION POWDERS

ATHLEES WANTED.

MACHINERY.

Our Portrait is of Mrs. Gosh, of 3 Justice Street, Aberdeen, who writes:—"I have been a great sufferer from Lumbago and Rheumatism for the last six years. Six months ago I was told by a Mr. F. Hutterfield that 'Clarke's Blood Mixture' had done for him, so I started with it, and had not gone one bottle before I was able to go about again. I have now had four bottles, and can go about my work as easy as if I were 20, but I feel about 45. I cannot be thankful that I ever started 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' It is never out of the house, and if any of the children are ill I give them a short course of it. It gives them a good appetite for plain food."

Are you one of the many who suffer from Rheumatism or Lumbago, or Sciatica, or Sciatica, or Gouty Eczema, etc.? If so, don't waste time on outward applications, which can but temporarily relief. What you want is a medicine that will free the Blood of the poisonous matter (excess Uric Acid), the cause of your poor suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is composed of ingredients which cleanse, strengthen, and expel the impurities from the blood, and by rendering it clean and pure can be relied on as a safe and lasting remedy.

Ask for and see you get

Clarke's Blood Mixture

"EVERYBODY'S BLOOD PURIFIER."

Of all Chemists and Stores, 2/9 per Bottle. (1)

IRISH MARGARINE

Plentiful Supplies of OUR CELEBRATED BRAND

"CASTLEMAC"

FINEST "OLEO" — IRISH MADE — W. & C. McDONNELL, Ltd. WATERFORD — MARGARINE

PER 1/4 LB.

W. & C. McDONNELL, Ltd., Margarine Manufacturers, WATERFORD

FINANCIAL NEWS

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Bank Rate (changed April 5, 1917)..... 5 p.c.

LONDON, SATURDAY, AFTERNOON.

Lombard street to-day felt the effects of the usual week-end disbursements by the Government, and the relief of funds caused quotations to slacken off in the Loan Market. Accommodation until Monday was quoted at 2½ to 3 p.c., but most of the business was done at 3 p.c. for call money. Advances were in limited request at 3 to 3½ p.c. Weekly Treasury bills were offered in various directions. There was no sustained activity in the market, but the conditions were closely akin to a steady demand for bills of Treasury maturity. Two to six months' paper was quoted at 3¼ p.c. There was a limited turnover of May-to June Treasury bills at 3 p.c. Bank bills were quoted at 3¼ p.c. Money on Stock Exchange account was 3½ p.c. Bank Rate (Discount) changed April 5, 1917 ... 5%

60 days (Bankers)	3¼%	Trade	—
2 months	3¼%		—
3 months	3½%		4¼%
4 months	3½%		4%
6 months	3½%		4%

Short loans in open market:—

Call money (Stock Exchange)	3½ p.c.
Call money (Bankers)	3 p.c.
Call money (Bankers, Sundays)	3½ p.c.
Call money (Bankers, Mondays)	3 p.c.
Call money (Bankers, Tuesdays)	3½ p.c.
Call money (Bankers, Wednesdays)	3½ p.c.
Call money (Bankers, Thursdays)	3½ p.c.
Call money (Bankers, Fridays)	3½ p.c.
Call money (Bankers, Saturdays)	3½

MR. HOLDEN'S AUCTIONS.

NEXT WEDNESDAY, 15TH MAY, AT ONE O'CLOCK.
COMPACT TWO-STOREY RESIDENCE,
2 WIGAN ROAD (WITH POSSESSION).

BUNGALOW RESIDENCE, WITH ABOUT 3 ACRES OF LAND,
KNOCKNAGRAIGUE, KILLARNEY RD., BRAY.

NEXT THURSDAY, 16TH MAY, 1918.
OLD IRISH SILVER, COLLARD PIANO, SUPERIOR FURNITURE,
69 FRANKFORT AVENUE, RATHGAR,

Principally comprising — Walnut Collard & Collard Piano; Ebonised Mahogany Nine-piece Drawingroom Suite, in Tapestry; handsome French China Cabinet, Ebonised Mahogany China Cabinet, Walnut Mirror-back Chifferette Sideboard; Walnut Dining Table, Mahogany Dining suite; Antique Inlaid Grandfather's Clock, Walnut Hall stand, Pair Antique Mahogany Card Tables, Pair Small Gilt Console Tables (Marble Tops); number of superior Engravings and Pictures, richly Mounted; massive Girandoles and Wall Mirrors, Gilt French Clock, Marble Timepieces, Bronze Ornaments; very fine Brass Floor Lamp, with Marble Table, Gilt-framed Overmantels, Falls, and Lace Curtains, Brass Kerbs and Brasses, handsome Fire Screen; Bordered Carpets, Stair Carpeting, Wool Rugs, Linoleum; massive All-Brass Bed, Brass and Iron Beds, Hair Mattresses, and Bed Clothing, fine Birch Bedroom Suite, Scotch Chest Drawers, very fine Hammered Brass Gasaliers, &c., &c.

THE SILVER includes—Antique richly-Embossed massive Tea Service (three articles), handsome Pierced Cake Basket, Antique "Helmet" Sugar Bowl; large number of Tea, Dessert, and Soup spoons; Dinner and Breakfast Forks, Punch Ladles, and numerous other items; Plated Entree Dishes, Cue Ivory-handled silver-mounted Carvers (seven handles), Case Fish Knives, Cut Glass Claret Jug (heavily plated), &c.

THE GLASS and CHINA include.—Dainty Venetian Cut Glass Liqueur Stand, having Tray, 12 Glasses, and 6 Decanters, all artistically gilt; Old Irish Cut Glass Spirit Bottles, Cut Glass Wines (various descriptions); very handsome Dresden ornaments, Centrepieces, supported by Figures; "Masons" Dinner Service, about 100 pieces; Hand-painted Dessert Set; numerous valuable China and Glass Bric-a-Brac.

USUAL KITCHEN FURNITURE and UTENSILS. LAWN MOWER, GARDEN TOOLS, CAMP FOLDING CHAIRS, &c., &c.

SALE AT 11.30 SHARP. ON VIEW NEXT WEDNESDAY. Terms—Cash, Five per cent. Fees.

W. J. HOLDEN,
AUCTIONEER, 2 SAINT ANDREW STREET.

SALE WEDNESDAY, 29TH MAY, 1918.
VERY IMPORTANT SUBURBAN SPIRIT GROCERY, KNOWN AS
"McEVOY'S," TERENURE.

HELD UNDER LEASE FOR TERM OF 99 YEARS FROM 1913, AT THE YEARLY RENT OF £10.

W. J. HOLDEN has received instructions from Mr. P. J. McEvoy (who, having recently purchased the Fully-Licensed Premises, BLACKLION INN, INCHICORE, has entire personal attention) to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, IN THE SALEROOMS, 2 SAINT ANDREW STREET, ON ABOVE DATE, AT ONE O'CLOCK, HIS VALUABLE TERENURE PROPERTY.

THE STRUCTURE is perfectly new, and contains Two Department Shop, with office enclosure and up-to-date appointments, bottled drink store, general store, boiler-cleaning shed, garage, and good yard. The Domestic accommodation consists of five apartments, hot bath, &c. The property is in first-class order and requires no outlay. The business carried on is probably the largest and most representative of its kind in the district. There is a substantial cash trade, and the credit customers have carefully selected and are of the most solvent class. All information concerning turnover, averages, &c., will be given bona fide inquirers.

THE AUCTIONEER can confidently recommend this concern to anyone desiring a Spirit Grocery of the best paying class.

Two most important features in connection with the property are the trifling head rent (£10) and comparatively small county rates. The premises, trading books, &c., can be inspected any day (except Saturday) between 10 a.m. and noon on production of Order to View from the Auctioneer. Any other time by special appointment.

Conditions of sale from THOMAS CROZIER and SON, Solicitors, 14 Ely place.

Further particulars, Orders to View, &c., from

W. J. HOLDEN,
AUCTIONEER, 2 SAINT ANDREW STREET.

SALE WEDNESDAY, 29TH MAY, 1918.
WELL-KNOWN, HIGH-CLASS LICENSED PREMISES, KNOWN AS
THE CRYSTAL BAR, BURGH QUAY.

LEASE 800 YEARS, AT £55 0s. 0d.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, by instructions of the owner, who is unable to give attention to this house, as the rapidly-expanding business of his Factory requires his whole time. The Establishment is one of the best known Bars in Dublin, and has maintained a high-class reputation and clientele for many years.

THE PUBLIC BAR is elaborately and tastefully fitted; there is also a PRIVATE BAR in front, a LOUNGE BAR upstairs, and usual offices and adjuncts. There is a side entrance, giving approaches (from Hawkins' street and the quay)—an important advantage—particularly in connection with the two adjacent Theatres.

There is good living accommodation. The owner has given very little of his time to the business for years past, nevertheless the turnover is quite substantial. Trading particulars will be shown by the Auctioneer.

The position of the premises for carrying on the best paying class of trade is unrivalled, and an energetic resident proprietor should secure a substantial capital in a short time.

Conditions of Sale from JOHN M. McDOWELL, Solicitor, 186 Great Brunswick street.

Further particulars, Orders to View, &c., from

W. J. HOLDEN,
AUCTIONEER, 2 SAINT ANDREW STREET.

ON VIEW.
HIGH-CLASS MODERN FURNITURE.

MESSRS. BENNETT and SON will SELL BY AUCTION, at their SALEROOMS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, ON TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), AND FOLLOWING DAY, AN IMPORTANT AND EXTENSIVE COLLECTION of MODERN FURNITURE OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

Carved Oak, Mahogany and Walnut Dining Suites, Mahogany Dining Chairs, Sofas, Leather, Tapestry and Screw Frame Tables, Circular and Oblong Mirrors, Mahogany and Oak Bureaus and Bookcases, a richly-Carved Oak Sideboard and Set of brass Frame Tables; 150 Oil Paintings and Engravings; Rare and Clean Chairs, Turkey, Wilton, and Axminster Carpets, Pure and Tinted Brass Fire gears; Clusterbead and other Chandeliers, Carved Oak and Walnut Hall Furniture; Bedroom Suites, Mirror-door Wardrobes, a fine Carved Mahogany Bookcase, Bibles with Inner Drawers and Pigeon-holes; 2 American Bed-top Desks, Mahogany and Walnut Registered Writing Tables; Carved Rosewood Chiffoniers, Marquetry, Walnut, and Gilt Overmantels; a large assortment of Table Glasses and China, Cut Sheffield and Electro-plated Ware, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Wickers, Typewriter, Inlaid Vacuum Cleaner, Sewing Machines, Bath Chair, Gouch-built, with adjustable Leather Hood; and other Miscellaneous Effects. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock. Subject to Five per cent. Auction Fee.

BENNETT & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 6 UP. ORMOND QUAY.

ON VIEW—PIANOFORTES.

MESSRS. BENNETT and SON will SELL BY AUCTION, at their SALEROOMS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), AT 3 O'CLOCK PRECISELY, THE FOLLOWING HIGH-CLASS INSTRUMENTS.

TWO UPRIGHT GRAND PIANOS, in handsome rosewood cases, by Schloessayer; another, in walnut case, by Burich; and FOUR COTTAGE PIANOS, in Rosewood, Brard, Ceeley, and Alison.

Purchasers up to 5 for cash. Fees.

BENNETT & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 6 UP. ORMOND QUAY.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.'S SALES.

SALE TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), 14TH MAY, AT 1.30 P.M.
No. 2 BAYSWATER TERRACE,
2 AND 3 SIDMONTON TERRACE, GREYSTONES.

No. 2 BAYSWATER TERRACE, held for 200 years from 29th September, 1866, and sold subject to £10 per annum. Let Furnished to a yearly tenant at £50 per annum.

Nos. 2 and 3 SIDMONTON TERRACE, held under lease for 200 years from September, 1866, and sold free of all rent. No. 2 let present at £50 per annum. No. 3 at £52 per annum.

Messrs. FOSBLIS and KNOX, solicitors, Kildare street.

HOMEFIELD, 17 PALMERSTON GARDENS,
NEAR PALMERSTON PARK.

WELL-BUILT MODERN TWO-STOREYED SEMI-DETACHED RESIDENCE, WITH POSSESSION — House contains large entrance hall, with cloakroom off and finely-arched staircase, 3 family bedrooms, bathroom, w.c., kitchen, pantry, scullery, &c.; has large garden, side entrance; lay window, electric light. Held for 500 years from 1900, subject to £7 10s. per annum. Telephone laid on.

JOHN S. CURRIE and SONS, Solicitors, Balgriffin.
WILLIAM V. SEDDALL, Solicitor, 6 Westmoreland street.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS, GRAFTON ST.

YOUGHAL, COUNTY CORK.

SALVAGE SALE.
ABOUT 400 BARRELS OF HIGH CLASS OIL, Mineral, Lubricating, and Other Descriptions.
Also About
5 TONS OF PARAFFIN SCALE AND WAX,
TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION (the without a reserve) at Cobh, ON FRIDAY NEXT, 17th MAY, 1918, At 4 o'clock,
AT FARRELL'S STORES, YOUGHAL, CO. CORK, SAME DAY,
AT CUSTOM HOUSE, QUEENSTOWN,
50 BARRELS OF OIL.

The Barrels can be inspected by intending purchasers any day previous to the Sale.

Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auctioneers' Commission. For catalogues, and further particulars apply to

T. WALSH & SON,
Auctioneers,
THE MALL, WATERFORD.

Smart Fashions for Whit

Ladies will find this a particularly interesting time to

Visit our Millinery and Costume Showrooms

where the latest exclusive styles may be viewed.

MODERATE IN PRICE.

SPEND YOUR HOLIDAYS AT THE WHITSUNTIDE FAIR, ROYAL HOSPITAL.

MILLINERY. SEE GRAFTON ST. WINDOWS MONDAY AND TUESDAY.

Brown Thomas & Co. Ltd
GRAFTON ST.

SELL YOUR WASTE PAPER

SELL YOUR OLD PAPERS, BOOKS, MAGAZINES, &c., to us. We pay (prompt Cash) the maximum Government prices and provide, free of cost, the necessary bags. We pay carriage. Distance makes no difference.

NORTHERN PAPER STOCK CO., 42 Waring St., BELFAST.

SUMMER SEASON, 1918.

OUR PRINTED LIST OF FURNISHED SEASIDE AND COUNTRY HOUSES IS NOW READY, AND CAN BE HAD FREE ON APPLICATION.

BATTERSBY & CO.,
ESTABLISHED 1815.

CHEAP FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET, BLACKROCK—£12 per month, facing sea, nice House, 3 sitting, 4 bedrooms, bath (h. and c.). Apply Battersby and Co.

MONKSTOWN — £12 PER MONTH —LONGFORD TERRACE, a bargain; 3 sitting, 5 bedrooms, bath, etc. Apply Battersby and Co.

KINGSTOWN—£10, £12, AND £14 PER MONTH—Desirable Houses, favourite position. Apply Battersby and Co.

GLENAGEARY—£20 PER MONTH —3 sitting, 5 bedrooms, kitchen, servant's room, bath, etc. Apply Battersby and Co.

DALKEY — £25 PER MONTH — PRETTY DETACHED VILLA RESIDENCE; 3 sitting, 4 bedrooms, kitchen, bath, garage. Apply Battersby and Co.

KILLINEY — £25 PER MONTH— CHOICE RESIDENCE, pretty grounds; 3 sitting, 4 bedrooms, bath, and every convenience. Apply Battersby and Co.

BALLYBRACK—£25 PER MONTH. DETACHED; 3 sitting, 4 bedrooms, servant's room, stabling, garden. Apply Battersby and Co.

BRAY — £20 PER MONTH — 3 sitting, 5 bedrooms, kitchen, servant's room, bath, garden. Apply Battersby and Co.

GREYSTONES—£20 PER MONTH —ROOMY HOUSE; 3 sitting and 7 bedrooms. Apply Battersby and Co.

WICKLOW—£15 PER MONTH 3 sitting, 5 bedrooms, garden. Apply Battersby and Co.

FOXROCK —£25 PER MONTH DESIRABLE DETACHED VILLA; 3 sitting, 5 bedrooms, servant's room, kitchen, bath, garden. Apply Battersby and Co.

TEMPLEOGUE—£15 PER MONTH. —DETACHED; 3 sitting, 4 bedrooms, servant's room, bath, garden. Apply Battersby and Co.

ALSO NUMEROUS OTHER HOUSES IN ALL DIRECTIONS. APPLY

BATTERSBY & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,
39 WESTMORELAND ST.

IMPORTANT TO BOOT DEALERS, CLOG FACTORIES, & JOBBERS.
BELFAST AUCTION ROOMS, 40 CHICHESTER STREET.
BY DIRECTION AND FOR ACCOUNT OF H.M. WAR OFFICE.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION.
FRIDAY, 17TH MAY, AT THE HOUR OF 1 O'CLOCK, PROMPT,
21,000 PAIRS (IMPROVED GRADED) **ARMY BOOTS.**

5,200 PAIRS GRADE C, considered suitable for Christmas wear with slight repairs;
14,177 PAIRS GRADE D, considered suitable for converting into Clogs;
3,644 ODD BOOTS—cast from the Army—in Lots to suit purchasers.

ALL ON VIEW THURSDAY, 16TH, AND MORNING OF SALE.

W. P. GRAY & MACDOWELL, LTD.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS. 'PHONE 99.

ON VIEW THIS DAY (MONDAY). SALE THIS (MONDAY) EVENING.
BICYCLES AND MOTOR CYCLES,
THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, MAY 13th, in the DIVISIONAL AUCTION ROOMS, 3 MERCHANT'S QUAY (opposite Fire Course), AT THE HOUR OF 8.30,
SALE BY AUCTION of BICYCLES and MOTOR CYCLES, FROM GORMAN'S WINETAVERN ST. PAWN OFFICE.
Comprising 100 LADIES' and GENT'S HIGH-GRADE BICYCLES, BY ALL THE BEST MAKERS;
15 MOTOR CYCLES, including
3½ RUDGE and SIDECAR. 2½ TWO-SPEED NEW IMPERIAL JAP.
TWO 3½ F.N. TRIUMPHS. 3½ SINGER. 4½ INDIAN.
TWO 3½ ROYAL ENFIELDS. THREE 2½ SUNS, NEW (ONE TWO-SPEED).
ON VIEW AT THE AUCTION ROOMS TO-DAY (MONDAY).
SALE TO COMMENCE WITH MOTOR CYCLES AT 8.30 PRECISELY THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, 13th.
THOMAS GARLAND, AUCTIONEER, 3 MERCHANT'S QUAY.

SALE THIS DAY
(IN CONTINUATION OF SATURDAY'S SALE).
JAMES BILL and SON WILL OFFER FOR SALE BY AUCTION, THIS DAY (MONDAY), MAY 13th, AT 1.30 O'CLOCK PRECISELY,
WITHIN THEIR SPACIOUS AUCTION GALLERIES,
10, 11, 12 BACHELOR'S WALK,
THE REMAINING FURNITURE AND EFFECTS
FROM LAST SATURDAY'S SALE—Wel-made Pine and Deal Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture, including Presses, Chests of Drawers, Table Chairs, Kitchen Tables, Formers, Kitchen Utensils and Effects; Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Feathers, Fire Irons, Mangles, and a large quantity of Useful Effects. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fee.
SPEND YOUR HOLIDAY AT
THE GRAND WHITSUNTIDE FAIR, ROYAL HOSPITAL, 13th TO 25th MAY.

For the Holidays

There is no more useful garment than a

Covert or Trench Coat

We are now offering a large and varied stock of superior Coats at temptingly low prices.

Very effective and serviceable Trench Coat, lined throughout, Rainproof, Windproof, and Dustproof. Ideal for present wear, as sketch.

Wonderful value - 39/6

Grand Whitsuntide Fair, "in Aid of the Red Cross and other War Charities." MAY 18th to 25th.

Barnardo & Son Ltd
GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

DRESS CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 5).

BOTTLE Green Gabardine, Tailoring, inlet cut, size 34, length 40, cost £9, Nigger Brown Lace Coat, coat, tail, £5.—Brown Jaw Necklet, size full bust, coat, tail, £5.—Brown Jaw Necklet, size full bust, coat, tail, £5.—Brown Jaw Necklet, size full bust